



Northern Ireland
Assembly

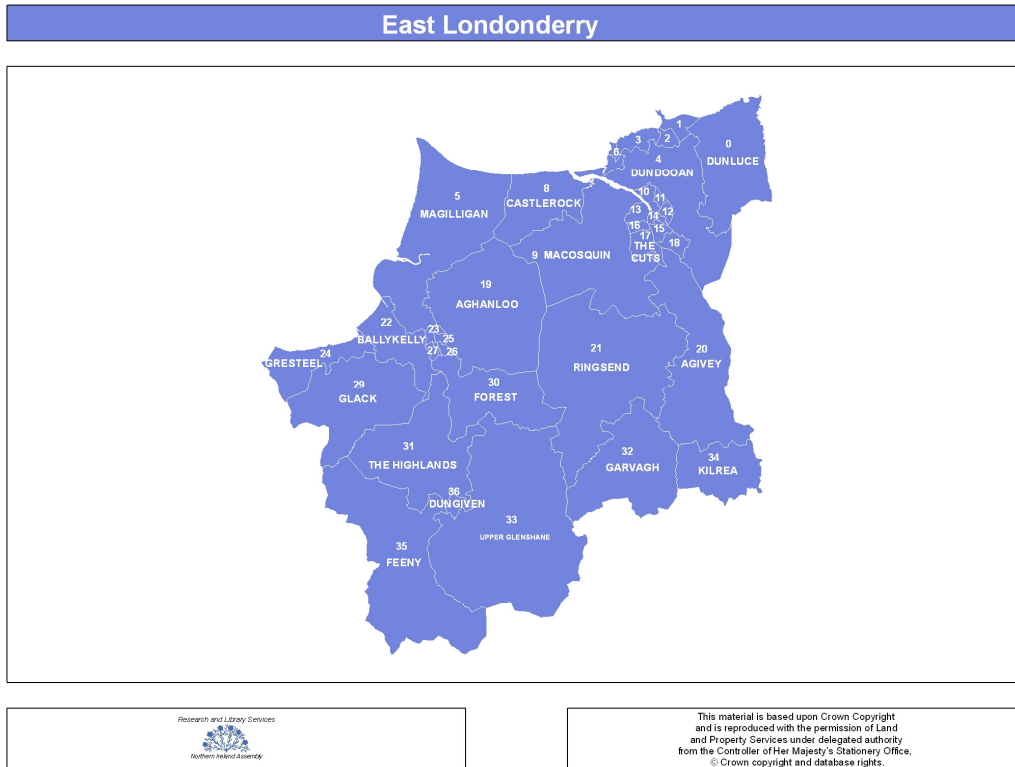


September 2010

Using the latest data available through the Northern Ireland Neighbourhood Information Service (NINIS) www.ninis.nisra.gov.uk, this report provides an up-to-date statistical profile of the Constituency of East Londonderry. It includes information on the demographics of people living in East Londonderry as well as key indicators of Health, Education, the Economy, Employment, Housing, Crime and Poverty. For each indicator, this profile presents:

- The most up-to-date information available for East Londonderry;
- How this compares with Northern Ireland as a whole;
- The ranking of the Constituency; and
- Information on the lowest and highest ranking wards where available.

This report presents a statistical profile of the Constituency of East Londonderry which comprises of the 36 wards shown below.



0	Dunluce	12	Cross Glebe	24	Greysteel
1	Royal Portrush	13	Waterside	25	Rathbrady
2	Hopefield	14	Central	26	Enagh
3	Atlantic	15	Mount Sandel	27	Coolestan
4	Dundooan	16	Churchland	28	Greystone
5	Magilligan	17	The Cuts	29	Glack
6	Portstewart	18	Knocklynn	30	Forest
7	Strand	19	Aghanloo	31	The Highlands
8	Castlerock	20	Agivey	32	Garvagh
9	Macosquin	21	Ringsend	33	Upper Glenshane
10	University	22	Ballykelly	34	Kilrea
11	Ballysally	23	Roeside	35	Feeny

EAST LONDONDERRY: KEY FACTS

Demographics

- An estimated 91,123 people live in East Londonderry, the Constituency with the 6th lowest population in 2008.
- The majority (59.2%) of people living in East Londonderry are of Protestant community background.

Health

- Life expectancy in East Londonderry is 77.6 years for males and 82.5 years for females.

Compared to Northern Ireland as a whole, East Londonderry has a higher:

- Death rate due to cancer and circulatory disease.
- Prevalence of hypothyroid, obesity and chronic kidney disease for those attending GPs in East Londonderry.
- Teenage birth rate, the Constituency with the 3rd highest rate.

Compared to Northern Ireland as a whole, East Londonderry has a lower:

- Death rate due to respiratory disease, the Constituency with the 3rd lowest rate
- Death rate due to suicide and undetermined intent.
- Rate of cancer diagnosis, the Constituency with the 4th lowest rate.
- Hospital admission ratio due to self harm, the Constituency with the 2nd lowest rate.
- Prevalence of hypertension for those attending GPs in East Londonderry.

Education

- A slightly lower proportion of post-primary pupils have a Statement of Special Educational Need compared to all Northern Ireland pupils.
- A slightly lower proportion of East Londonderry school leavers achieve at least two A-Levels compared to all Northern Ireland school leavers.

The Economy

- East Londonderry was the Constituency that received 2nd lowest amount of financial assistance from Invest NI in 2008/09 totalling £2.31 million.
- A higher proportion of 'Invest NI Start a Business' participants from East Londonderry were offered financial assistance compared to the Northern Ireland figure, the 2nd highest proportion.

Employment

- 32,419 employee jobs are located in East Londonderry.
- In 2009, East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 9th highest number of redundancies with a total of 185 redundancies in the area.

Housing

- There are 39,434 properties in East Londonderry. East Londonderry has a higher proportion of detached properties and a lower proportion of terraced properties compared to Northern Ireland.
- In 2008/09, 1,248 new planning applications were received for the East Londonderry area.

Crime

Compared to the Northern Ireland rates, East Londonderry has:

- A higher overall crime and anti-social behaviour incident rate.
- Higher rates of criminal damage and violent crime.
- Lower burglary and theft rates.

Poverty

- East Londonderry has the 9th highest proportion of people (14%) living in the most deprived Super Output Areas in Northern Ireland.
- A slightly lower proportion of people aged 16 and over living in East Londonderry are claiming income support compared to Northern Ireland as a whole.

2010 Westminster Election Results

- 63,220 people eligible to vote, the turnout at 55.3% was comparable to the Northern Ireland turnout of 56.7%
- DUP candidate Gregory Campbell won the East Londonderry seat.

2007 Assembly Election Results

- 56,104 people were eligible to vote, the turnout at 60.9% was comparable to the Northern Ireland turnout of 62.3%.
- The DUP won 3 seats. The UUP, SDLP and Sinn Féin won 1 seat each.

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1. DEMOGRAPHICS

This section presents information on the population size, community background and age profile of those living in East Londonderry.

Population Size

As at June 2008, an estimated 91,123 people live in East Londonderry, representing 5.1% of the Northern Ireland population (*Source: Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA), Mid-Year Estimates*).

East Londonderry is the Constituency with the 6th lowest population.

Community Background

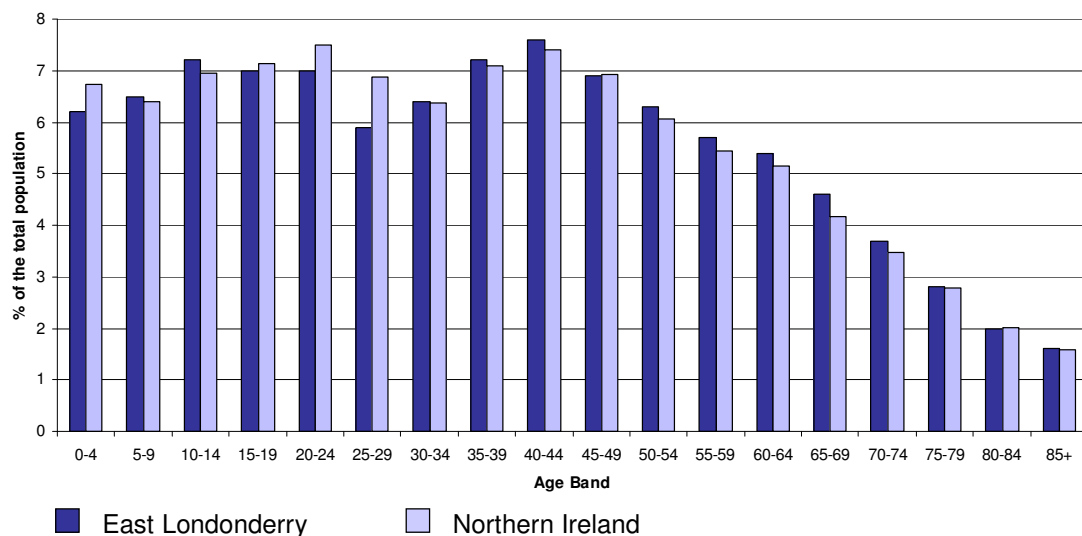
The majority (59.2%) of people living in East Londonderry are of Protestant community background. Just over a third (37.9%) of people living in East Londonderry are of Catholic community background. The remainder are of other or no community background (*Source: NISRA, Census 2001*).

Age profile of East Londonderry

East Londonderry has a similar proportion of people aged under 16 (21.4% vs. 21.5%) and a similar proportion of people aged 60 and over (20.0% vs. 19.2%) to all of Northern Ireland.

East Londonderry is the Constituency with the 7th lowest proportion of people aged under 16 and the 7th highest proportion aged 60 and over.

Chart 1: Age Profile of the population in 5 year age bands, June 2008



Source: NISRA (Mid-Year Estimates)

2. HEALTH

This section presents information on a wide range of key indicators of health. These are:

- Life Expectancy of males and females (page 8);
- Standardised Death Rates due to Cancer, Respiratory Disease, Circulatory Disease (page 10);
- Deaths due to Suicide and Undetermined Intent (page 13);
- Cancer Diagnoses (page 14);
- Hospital Admissions due to Self Harm (page 15);
- Mood and Anxiety Disorder Prescriptions (page 16);
- Disability-related Benefit Recipients (page 17);
- Births to teenage mothers (page 18) and
- The prevalence of disease as reported through the Quality Outcomes Framework (page 20):
 - Coronary Heart Disease
 - Heart Failure
 - Stroke
 - Hypertension
 - Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
 - Hypothyroid
 - Cancer
 - Mental Health
 - Asthma
 - Dementia
 - Atrial Fibrillation
 - Obesity
 - Diabetes Mellitus
 - Epilepsy
 - Chronic Kidney Disease
 - Learning Disabilities

Life Expectancy of males

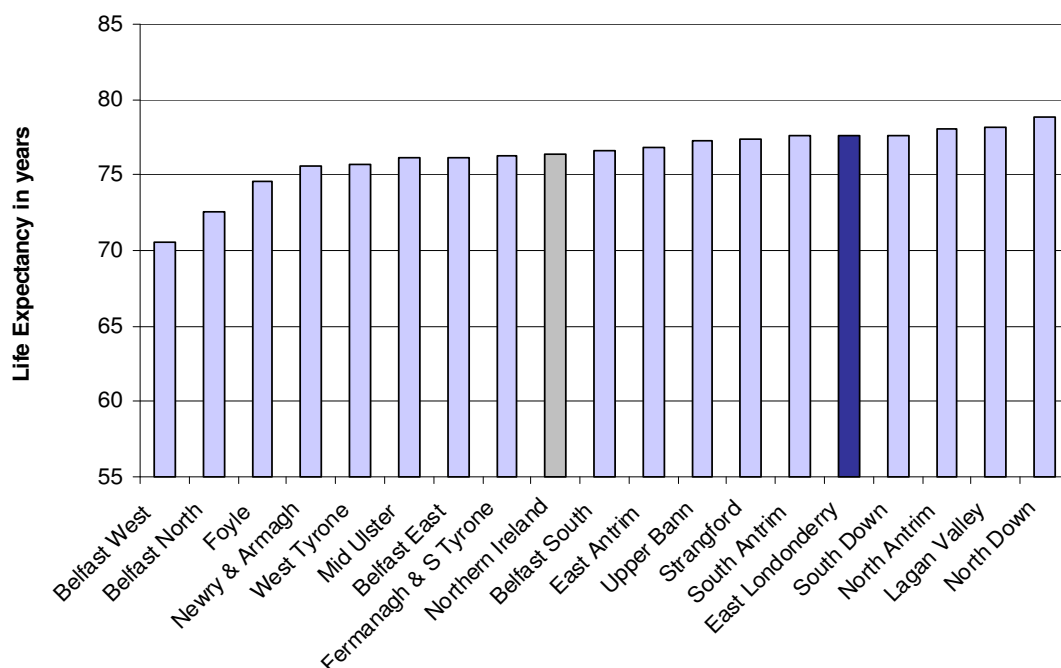
The life expectancy¹ of males (2006-2008) living in East Londonderry is estimated to be 77.6 years.

There is little difference in the life expectancy of males living in East Londonderry and that of all Northern Ireland males of 76.4 years.

East Londonderry is the Constituency with the 5th highest male life expectancy.

The life expectancy of males living in East Londonderry is lowest in the wards of Agivey, Ballysally, Central, Cross Glebe, Coolissan, Dungiven, Greystone, The Highlands and Upper Glenshane where it is less than 75 years and highest in the wards of Castlerock, Churchland, Dundooan, Dunluce, Garvagh, Hopefield, Kilrea, Knocklynn, Macosquin, Mount Sandel, Portstewart, Ringsend, Strand, The Cuts, Waterside, Aghanloo, Ballykelly, Feeny, Forest, Glack, Gresteel, Rathbrady and Roeside where it is greater than the Northern Ireland average but less than 85 years.²

Chart 2: Life expectancy of males, 2006-2008



Source: NISRA, Northern Ireland Neighbourhood Information Service (NINIS)
(Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety (DHSSPS))

¹ Calculated using the no. of deaths (General Register Office) and mid-year estimates (NISRA).

² Ward level data is presented using ranges as the small number of deaths at various age groups does not support robust calculation of an exact life expectancy value at this geographic level.

Life Expectancy of Females

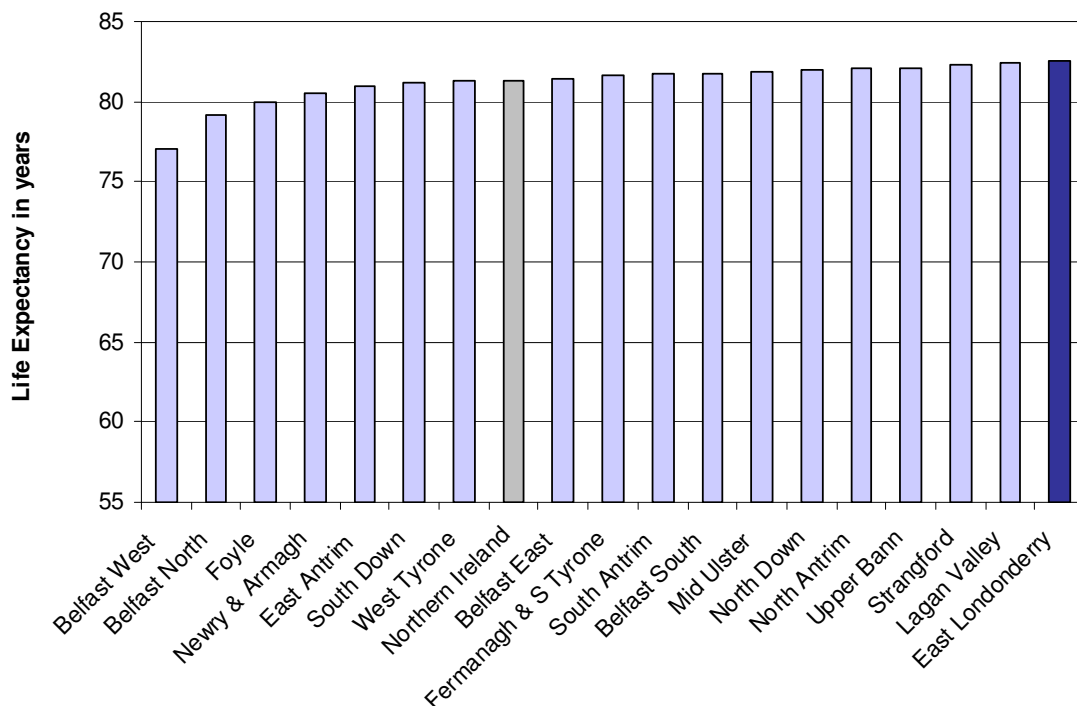
The life expectancy³ of females (2006-2008) living in East Londonderry is estimated to be 82.5 years.

As with males, there is little difference in the life expectancy of females living in East Londonderry and that of all Northern Ireland females of 81.3 years.

East Londonderry is the Constituency with the highest life expectancy of females.

The life expectancy of females is lowest in the wards of Central and Cross Glebe where it is less than 75 years and highest in the wards of Atlantic, Enagh, Dunluce, Hopefield, Portstewart, Strand, Feeny, Rathbrady and Ballysally where it is greater than 85 years.⁴

Chart 3: Life expectancy of females, 2006-2008



Source: NISRA, NINIS (DHSSPS)

³ Calculated using the no. of deaths (General Register Office) and mid-year estimates (NISRA).

⁴ Ward level data is presented using ranges as the small number of deaths at various age groups does not support robust calculation of an exact life expectancy value at this geographic level.

Standardised Death Rates

The standardised death rates⁵ due to cancer, respiratory disease and circulatory disease are presented here. Standardisation allows for comparison between Constituencies having taken characteristics of the populations into account i.e. age and sex profiles.

Standardised Death Rates due to Cancer

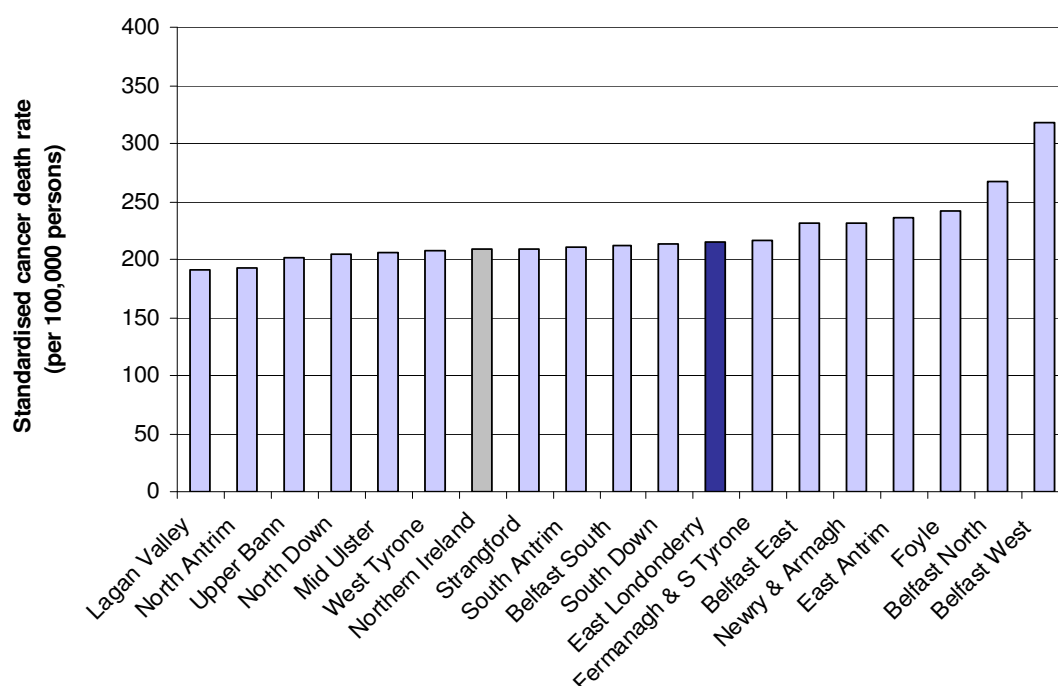
The standardised death rate due to cancer in East Londonderry is 215 per 100,000 persons.

The death rate due to cancer in East Londonderry is higher than the Northern Ireland rate of 208 per 100,000 persons.

East Londonderry is the Constituency with the 8th highest death rate due to cancer.

Information on death rates due to cancer is not available at ward level.

Chart 4: Standardised death rates due to Cancer per 100,000 persons by Constituency, 2004-2008



Source: NISRA, NINIS (General Register Office (GRO))

⁵ Rates are based on the number of deaths provided by the General Register Office and 2004 - 2008 Mid-Year Estimates provided by NISRA.

Standardised Death Rates due to Respiratory Disease

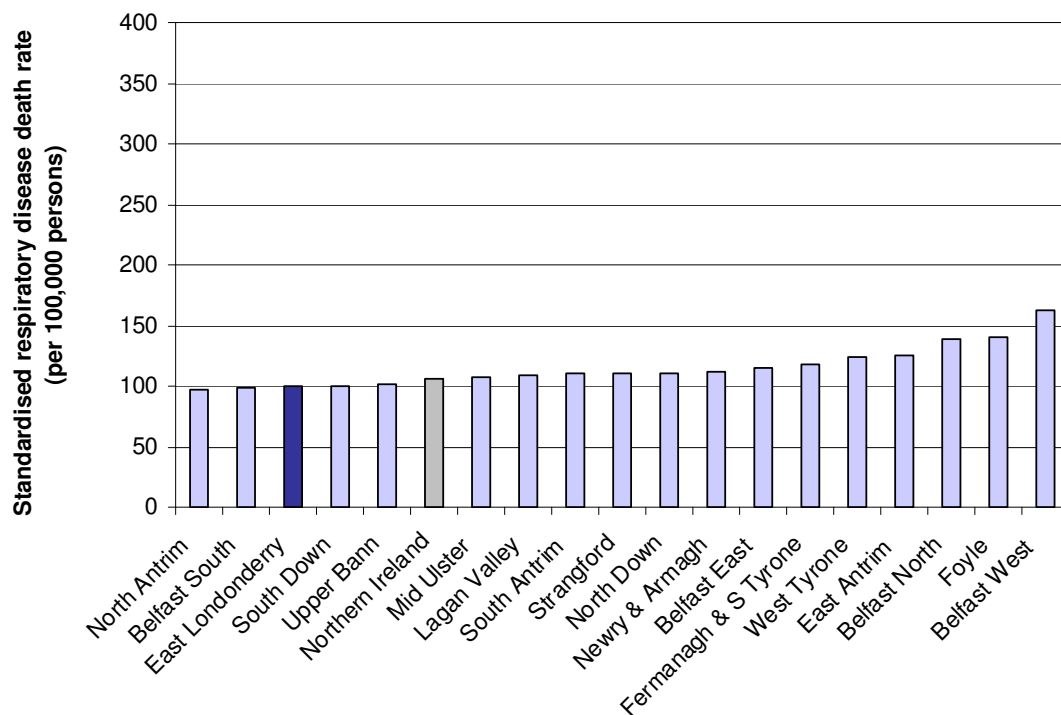
The standardised death rate due to respiratory disease in East Londonderry is 100 per 100,000 persons.

The death rate due to respiratory disease in East Londonderry is lower than the overall Northern Ireland rate of 106 per 100,000 persons.

East Londonderry is the Constituency with the 3rd lowest death rate due to respiratory disease.

Information on death rates due to respiratory disease is not available at ward level.

Chart 5: Standardised Death rates due to Respiratory Disease per 100,000 persons by Constituency, 2004-2008



Source: NISRA, NINIS (GRO)

Standardised Death Rates due to Circulatory Disease

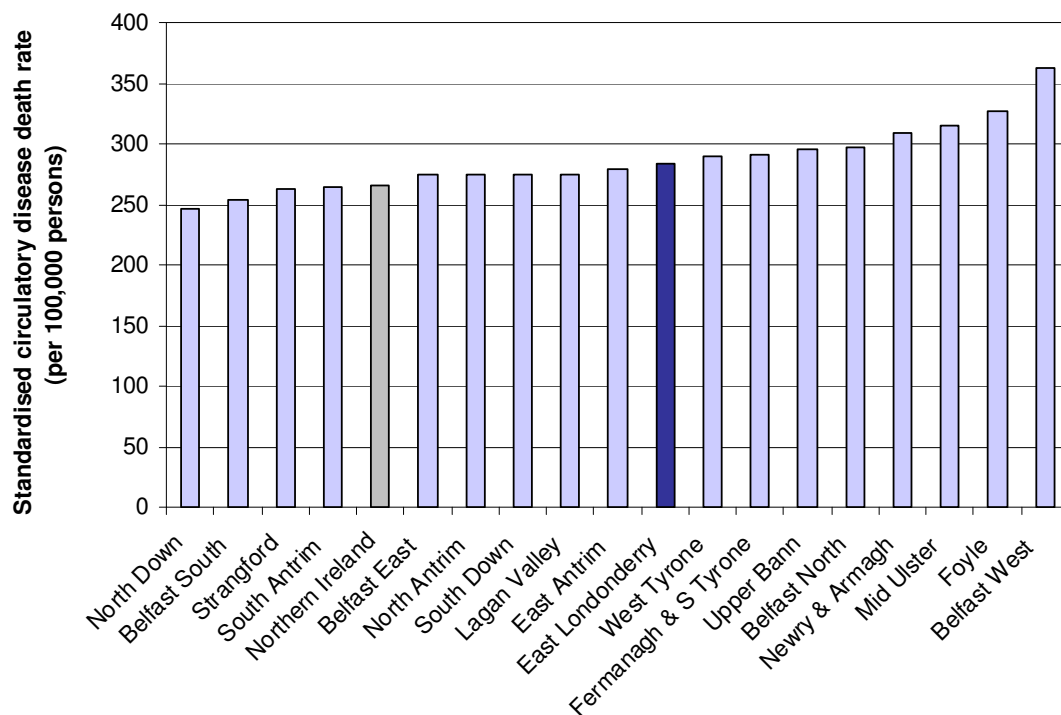
The standardised death rate due to circulatory disease in East Londonderry is 284 per 100,000 persons.

The death rate due to circulatory disease is higher in East Londonderry than the Northern Ireland rate of 266 per 100,000 persons.

East Londonderry is the Constituency with the 9th highest death rate due to circulatory disease.

Information on death rates due to circulatory disease is not available at ward level.

Chart 6: Standardised death rates due to Circulatory Disease per 100,000 persons by Constituency, 2004-2008



Source: NISRA, NINIS (GRO)

Deaths due to Suicide and Undetermined Intent

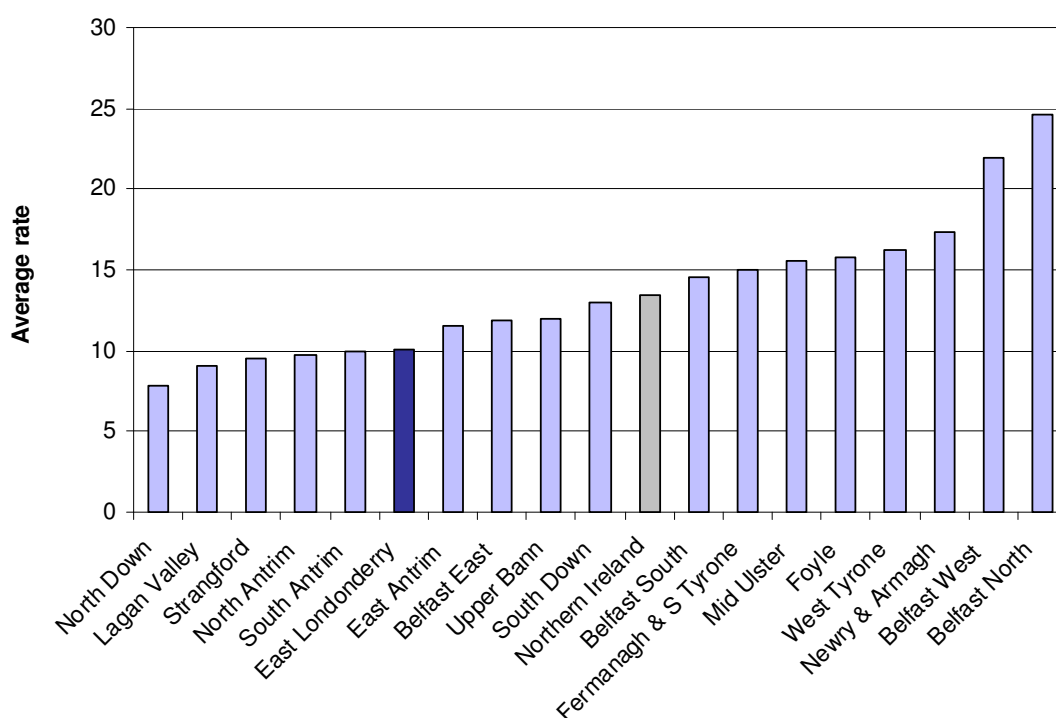
During the period 2004-2008, there were 46 deaths as a result of suicide and undetermined intent⁶⁷ in East Londonderry. This equates to an average rate⁸ of 10 per 100,000 persons per annum.

The average death rate due to suicide and undetermined intent is slightly lower for East Londonderry than the Northern Ireland rate of 13 per 100,000 persons.

East Londonderry is the Constituency with the 6th lowest death rate due to suicide and undetermined intent.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 7: Average death rate due to suicide and undetermined intent per 100,000 persons by Constituency, 2004-2008



Source: NISRA, NINIS (GRO)

⁶ The information is aggregated data from the GRO death files, which are gathered when deaths are registered at the Registrar's Office.

⁷ Death where the intention of the victim is not clear.

⁸ Rate calculated using 2006 mid-year estimates provided by NISRA.

Cancer Diagnoses

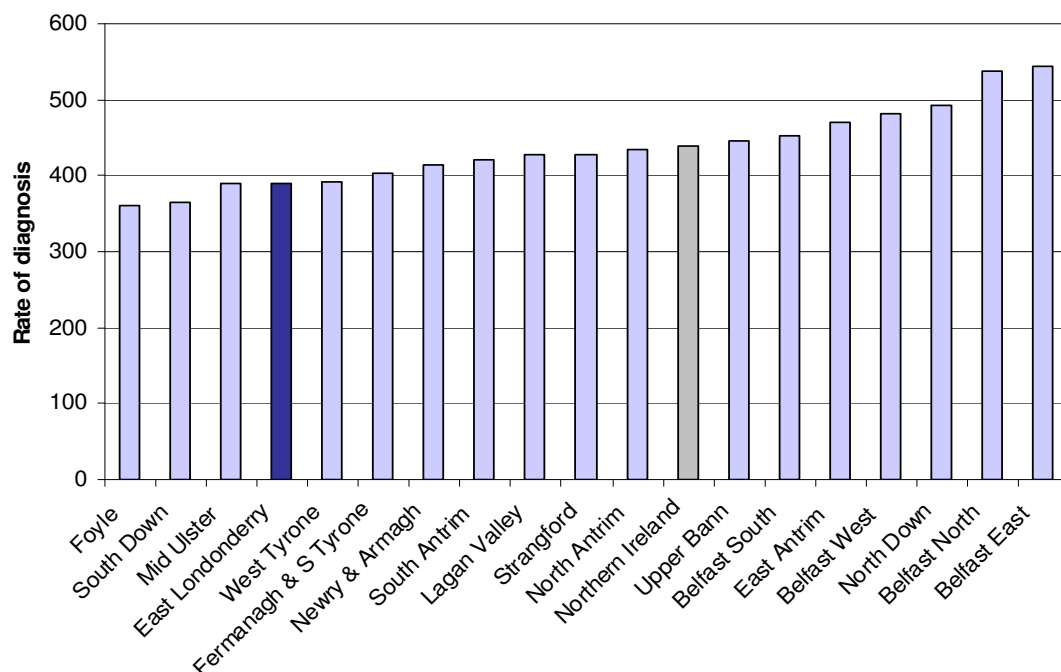
In 2007, there were 356 new incidences of cancer⁹¹⁰ diagnosed for East Londonderry. This equates to a rate of 390 per 100,000 persons.

The rate of cancer diagnosis was lower for East Londonderry than the Northern Ireland rate of 439 per 100,000 persons.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 4th lowest rate of cancer diagnosis in Northern Ireland.

During the period 2003-2007, rates of cancer diagnosis per 100,000 persons were lowest in the wards of Greysteel (224), Upper Glenshane (239) and Knocklynn (269) and highest in the wards of Central (704), Mount Sandel (600) and Royal Portrush (597).¹¹

Chart 8: Rate of diagnosis of all cancers per 100,000 persons by Constituency (excluding non-melanoma skin cancer), 2007



Source: NISRA, NINIS, Northern Ireland Cancer Registry (calculated by DHSSPS)

⁹ Excluding non-melanoma skin cancer.

¹⁰ Data on cancer incidence are available from multiple sources, primarily pathological records, hospital discharges and death registrations from the General Registrar Office (GRO). This data is captured electronically, collated and quality assured on a regular basis to provide a population-based registry of cancer incidence for Northern Ireland. Tumour details are collected on cancer diagnoses according to the International Classification of Diseases, tenth revision (ICD10).

¹¹ Ward Rates calculated using 2005 mid-year estimates provided by NISRA.

Hospital Admissions due to Self Harm

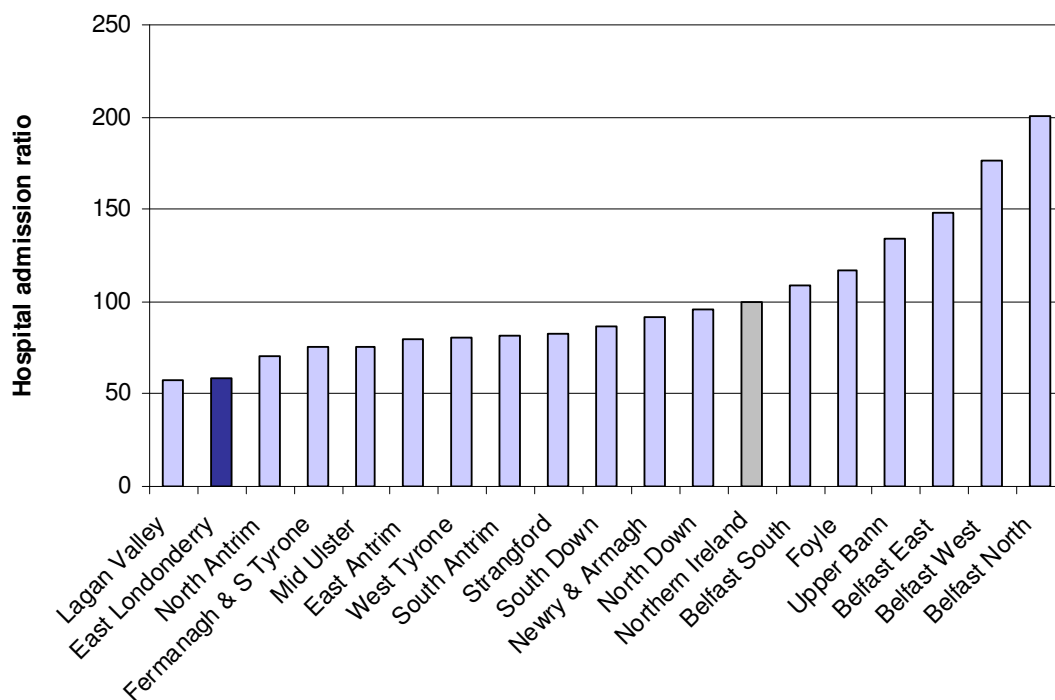
For the period 2005-2009, the standardised hospital admission ratio for self harm¹² in East Londonderry stood at 59. Ratios are calculated to allow comparison of areas or groups to the NI average which is set to 100.

The standardised hospital admission ratio for self harm is lower in East Londonderry than the Northern Ireland ratio of 100. This is true for both males (60 compared to 100) and females (58 compared to 100).

East Londonderry is the Constituency with the 2nd lowest standardised hospital admission ratio for self harm.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 9: Standardised hospital admission ratio for self harm by Constituency, 2003-2007



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Northern Ireland Hospitals Patients Administration System, DHSSPS)

¹² The data is based upon the number of admissions due to self-harm provided by the Hospital Information Branch.

Mood and Anxiety Disorder Prescriptions

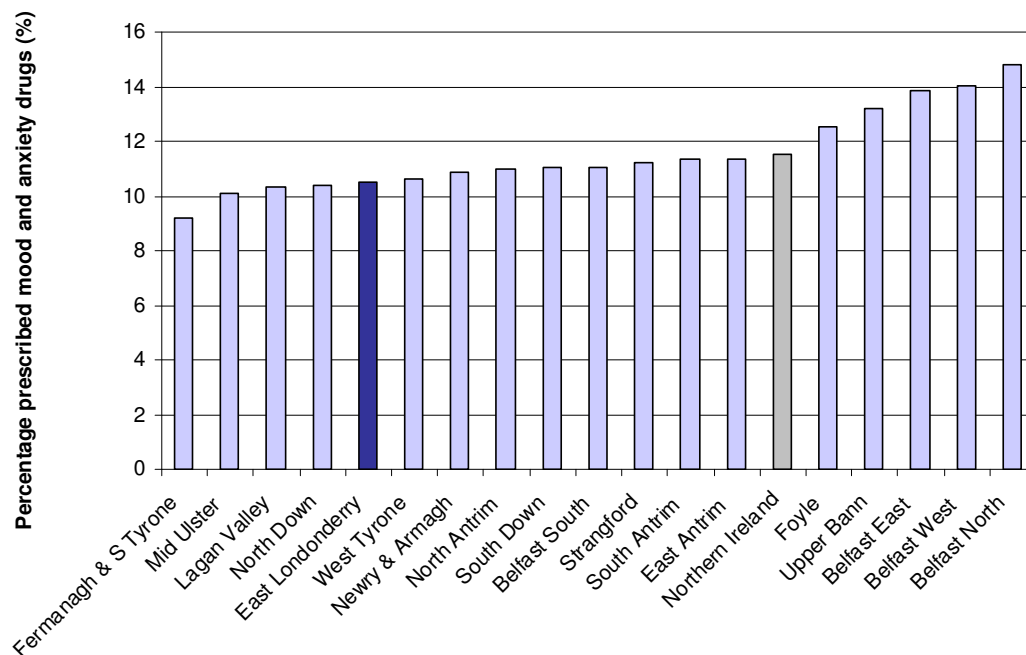
As at April 2008, an estimated 10.5% of people in East Londonderry were on prescribed drugs for mood and anxiety disorders.¹³

A slightly lower proportion of people in East Londonderry were estimated to be on prescribed drugs for mood and anxiety disorders when compared to the Northern Ireland estimate of 11.5%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 5th lowest proportion people estimated to be on prescribed drugs for mood and anxiety disorders.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 10: Estimated Proportion of people on prescribed drugs for Mood and Anxiety Disorders by Constituency, April 2008



Source: NISRA, NINIS (GP practice prescription data for anxiolytic and anti-depressant drugs, DHSSPS)

¹³ The number of individuals suffering from mood or anxiety disorders is estimated using prescription data by GP practice for anxiolytic and anti-depressant drugs. This data is then attributed to geographical area using the GP practice list.

Disability-related Benefit Recipients

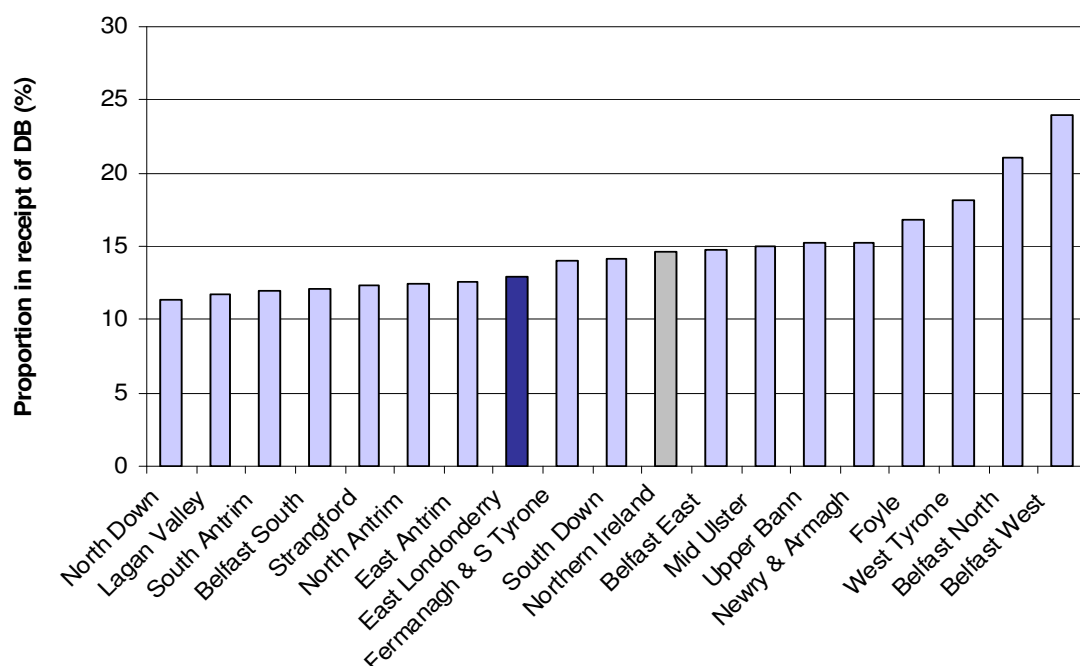
In February 2010, there were 11,834 people in receipt of at least one disability-related benefit.¹⁴ This equates to 13.0% of all constituents receiving disability-related benefits.

A slightly lower proportion of people living in East Londonderry were in receipt of disability-related benefits compared with the Northern Ireland figure of 14.6%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 8th lowest proportion of people in receipt of disability-related benefits.

The lowest proportions of people in receipt of disability-related benefits were concentrated in the wards of Knocklynn (7.9%), Strand (Coleraine, 8.2%) and Waterside (8.5%) and the highest proportions were concentrated in the wards of Central (Coleraine, 24.8%), Roeside (23.5%) and Greystone (22.1%).

Chart 11: Proportion of people in receipt of Disability-related Benefits by Constituency, 2009



Source: NISRA, NINIS, Analytical Services Unit (Department for Social Development (DSD))

¹⁴ The information is aggregated data from IAD 100% scans of Attendance Allowance, Disability Living Allowance, Incapacity Benefit and Severe Disablement Allowance data at 1992 ward level.

Births to Teenage Mothers

Proportion of all births which are to teenage mothers

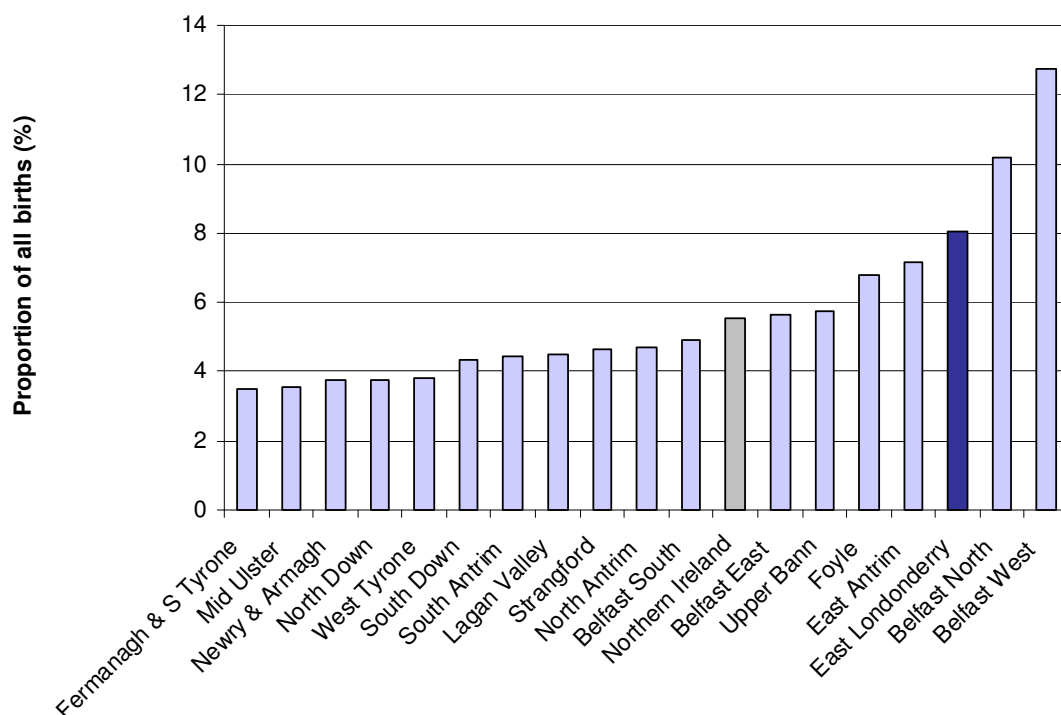
In 2008, there were 95 births to teenage mothers. Births to teenage mothers accounted for 8.0% of all births in East Londonderry, although it is worth noting that this figure is influenced by the number of teenagers in the area and so the teenage birth rate (see over) is more accurate for the purposes of comparison between areas.

A slightly higher proportion of births in East Londonderry were to teenage mothers compared to the Northern Ireland average (5.6%).

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 3rd highest proportion of all births which are to teenage mothers.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 12: Proportion of births which are to teenage mothers by Constituency, 2008



Source: NISRA, NINIS (GRO)

Teenage Birth rate

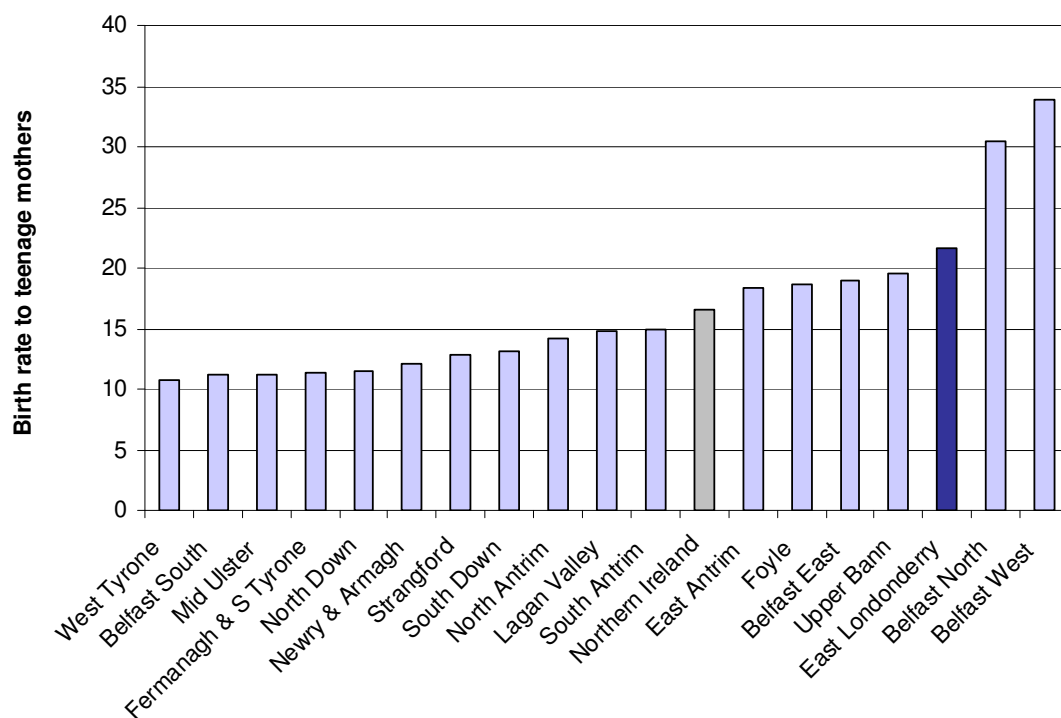
In 2008, the teenage birth rate of East Londonderry stood at 22 per 1,000 female persons aged 13-19 years.

The teenage birth rate was higher for East Londonderry than the overall Northern Ireland rate of 17 per 1,000 female persons aged 13-19.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 3rd highest teenage birth rate.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 13: Teenage Birth Rate per 1,000 females aged 13-19 years by Constituency, 2008



Source: NISRA, NINIS (GRO)

Quality Outcomes Framework – Disease Prevalence

The Quality Outcome Framework (QOF) is a system used to remunerate general practices; disease prevalence data per 1,000 persons is collected and then used within the QOF to deliver a more equitable distribution of payments in the light of different workloads that practices face.¹⁵

As at 31 March 2009, there was a lower prevalence of hypertension and a higher prevalence of hypothyroid, obesity (patients aged 16+) and chronic kidney disease (patients aged 18+) amongst patients whose GP practice is located in the East Londonderry area compared to GP practices across all of Northern Ireland.

Table 1: Disease Prevalence per 1,000 patients as reported through QOF, 2009

	East Londonderry Patients		All Northern Ireland Patients	
	No.	Prevalence	No.	Prevalence
Coronary Heart Disease	3,745	40	75,278	41
All Heart Failure Patients	784	8	13,903	8
Stroke	1,565	17	31,063	17
Hypertension	10,944	117	225,093	122
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	1,474	16	29,099	16
Hypothyroid	3,652	39	57,599	31
Cancer	998	11	20,741	11
Mental Health	689	7	14,407	8
Asthma	5,022	54	104,527	56
Dementia	495	5	9,971	5
Atrial Fibrillation	1,258	13	23,827	13
Obesity (Patients aged 16+)	10,194	136	165,956	113
Diabetes Mellitus (Patients aged 17+)	3,408	46	65,066	45
Epilepsy (Patients aged 18+)	674	9	13,983	10
Chronic Kidney Disease (patients aged 18+)	3,551	49	55,150	39
Learning Disabilities (Patients aged 18+)	381	5	6,912	5

■ Higher than NI*

■ Lower than NI*

* by more than 3

Source: NISRA, NINIS (Payment Calculation and Analysis System, DHSSPS)

¹⁵ A full set of QOF data tables and explanation of the QOF can be found at http://www.dhsspsni.gov.uk/index/hss/gp_contracts/gp_contract_qof.htm.

3. EDUCATION

This section presents information on:

- Post-primary pupils with a Statement of Special Educational Need
- The highest qualifications of school leavers and
- Participation in Further and Higher Education.

Statement of Special Educational Needs

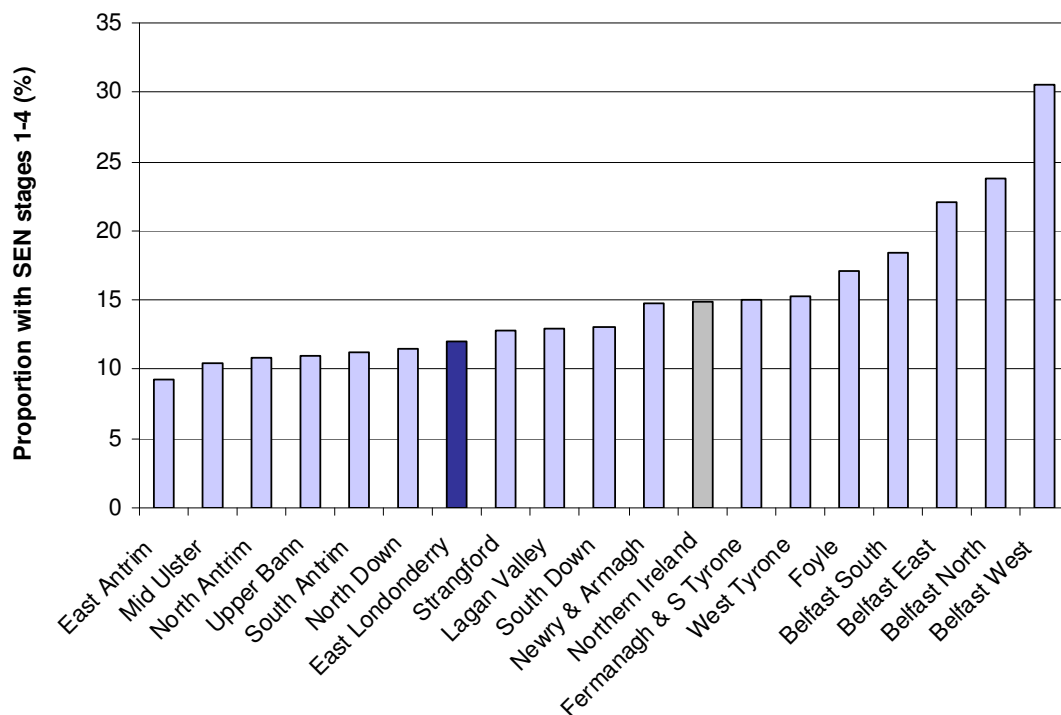
In 2008/09, 12.1% of post-primary pupils had a Statement of Special Educational Need (SEN) at stages 1-4.

The proportion of post-primary pupils with a SEN at stages 1-4 was slightly lower for East Londonderry than the Northern Ireland proportion of 14.9%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 7th lowest proportion of pupils with a SEN at stages 1-4.

The proportion of post-primary pupils with a SEN at stages 1-4 was lowest concentrated in the wards of Portstewart (0.0%), Roeside (0.0%) and Waterside (3.5%) and highest in the wards of Greystone (27.4%), Coolessan (21.8%) and Forest (20.8%).

Chart 14: Proportion of post-primary pupils with a SEN by Constituency, 2008/09



Source: NISRA, NINIS (School Census, Department of Education (DE))

Highest Qualifications of School Leavers

School leavers achieving at least two A-levels

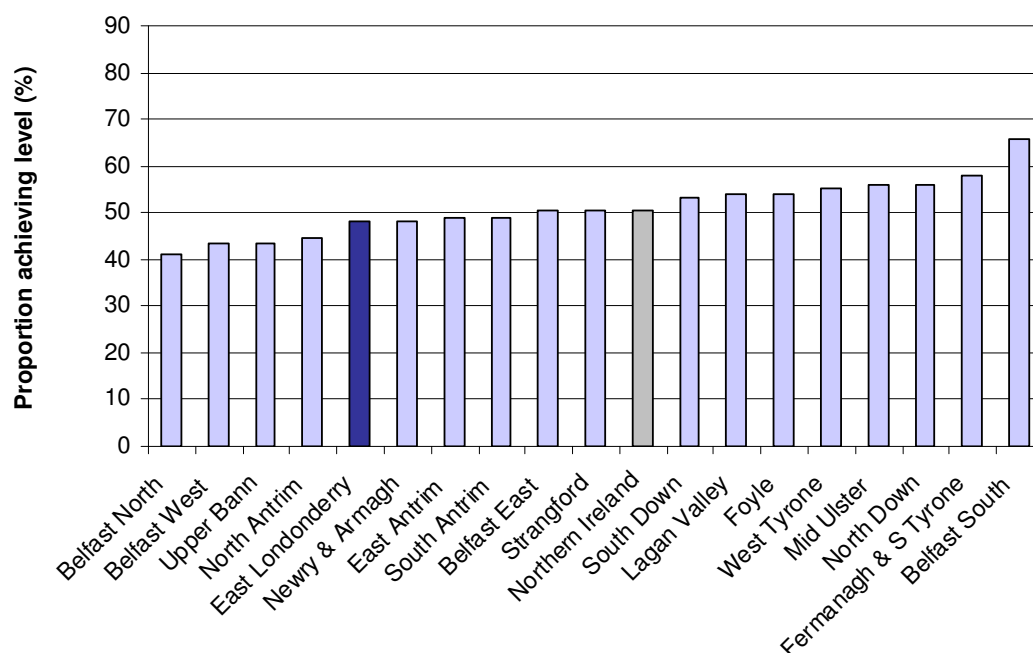
In 2008/09, 48.2% of East Londonderry school leavers achieved at least two A-levels.

A slightly lower proportion of pupils from East Londonderry left school with at least two A-levels compared to the overall Northern Ireland figure of 50.6%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 5th lowest proportion of school leavers achieving at least two A-levels.

The lowest proportions of school leavers achieving at least two A-levels were concentrated in the wards of Churchland (10.0%, 3 pupils), Ballysally (10.7%, 3 pupils) and Coolessan (16.7%, 3 pupils) The highest proportions of school leavers achieving at least two A-levels were concentrated in the wards of Roeside (100%, 3 pupils), Strand (86.7%) and Mount Sandel (73.7%).¹⁶

Chart 15: Proportion of school leavers achieving at least two A-levels by Constituency, 2008/09



Source: NISRA, NINIS (School Leavers Survey, DE)

¹⁶ Note care should be taken in drawing conclusions from these figures due to the low numbers involved.

At least five GCSEs at grades A-C*

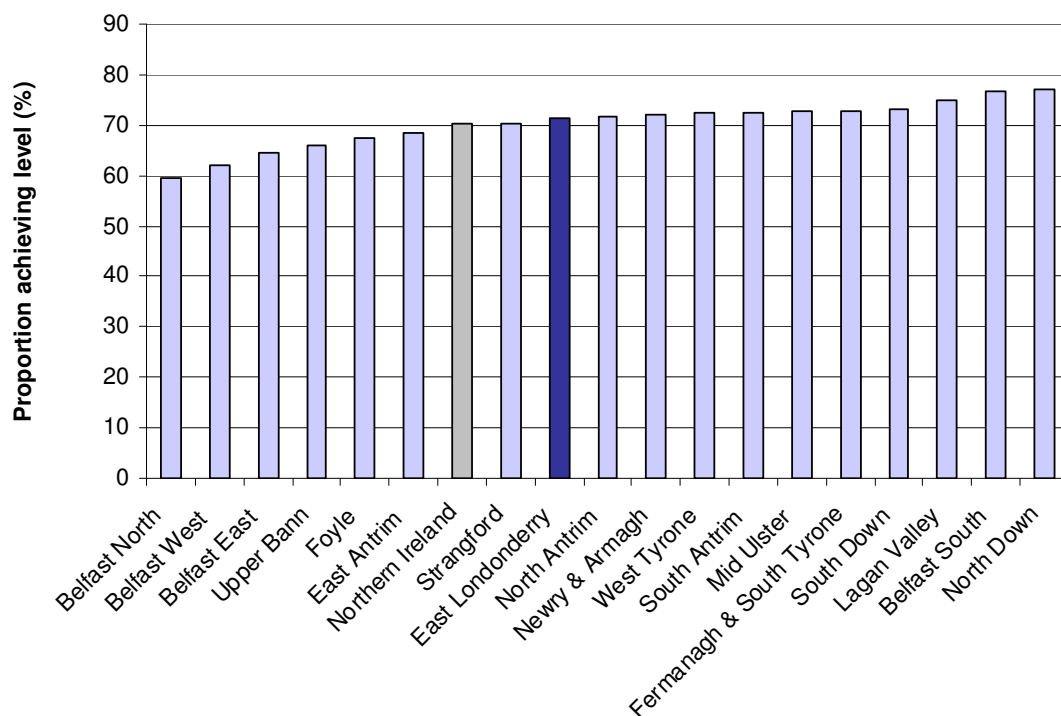
In 2008/09, 71.3% of East Londonderry school leavers achieved at least five GCSEs at grades A*-C.¹⁷

There was little difference in the proportion of East Londonderry school leavers achieved at least five GCSEs at grades A*-C as their highest level of attainment and the figure for all Northern Ireland school leavers of 70.1%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 8th lowest proportion of school leavers achieving at least five GCSEs at grades A*-C.

The lowest proportions of school leavers achieving at least five GCSEs at grades A*-C were from the wards of Greystone (25%, 3 pupils), Churchland (40.0%) and Coolissan (44.4%). The highest proportions of school leavers achieving at least five GCSEs at grades A*-C were from the wards of Roeside (100%, 3 pupils), Strand (100%) and Waterside (86.5%).

Chart 16: Proportion of school leavers achieving at least five GCSEs at grades A*-C by Constituency, 2008/09



Source: NISRA, NINIS (School Leavers Survey, DE)

¹⁷ Note that this figure includes those who left school with at least two A-levels.

Participation in Further Education

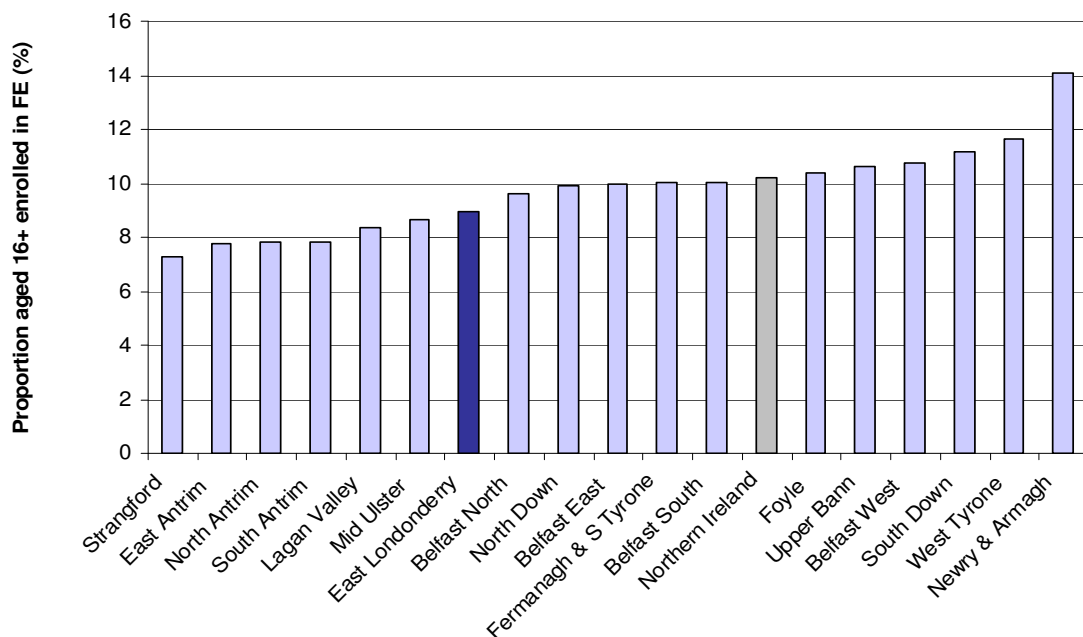
In 2007/08, there were 6,430 students from East Londonderry enrolled in further education.¹⁸ This equates to 9.0% of all constituents aged 16 and over being enrolled in further education.

There was little difference in the proportion of people aged 16 and over living in East Londonderry enrolled in further education and the Northern Ireland figure of 10.2%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 7th lowest proportion of people aged 16 and over enrolled in further education.

Further education participation rates were lowest in the wards of Strand (Coleraine, 3.9%), Dunluce (4.5%) and Magilligan (5.0%) and highest in the wards of Aghanloo (19.8%), Coolessan (10.7%) and The Highland (10.2%).

Chart 17: Proportion of those aged 16+ enrolled in FE by Constituency, 2007/08



Source: NISRA, NINIS (FE Enrolment data, Department for Employment and Learning)

Of all East Londonderry students enrolled, 22.5% were full time and 77.5% were part time students, while 45.2% were female and 54.8% were male. In total, 35.4% of those enrolled in Further Education were mature students.¹⁹

¹⁸ Further Education can be defined as post-secondary education that is distinct from the education offered in universities.

¹⁹ Mature Student in Further Education defined as those aged 26 and over.

Participation in Higher Education

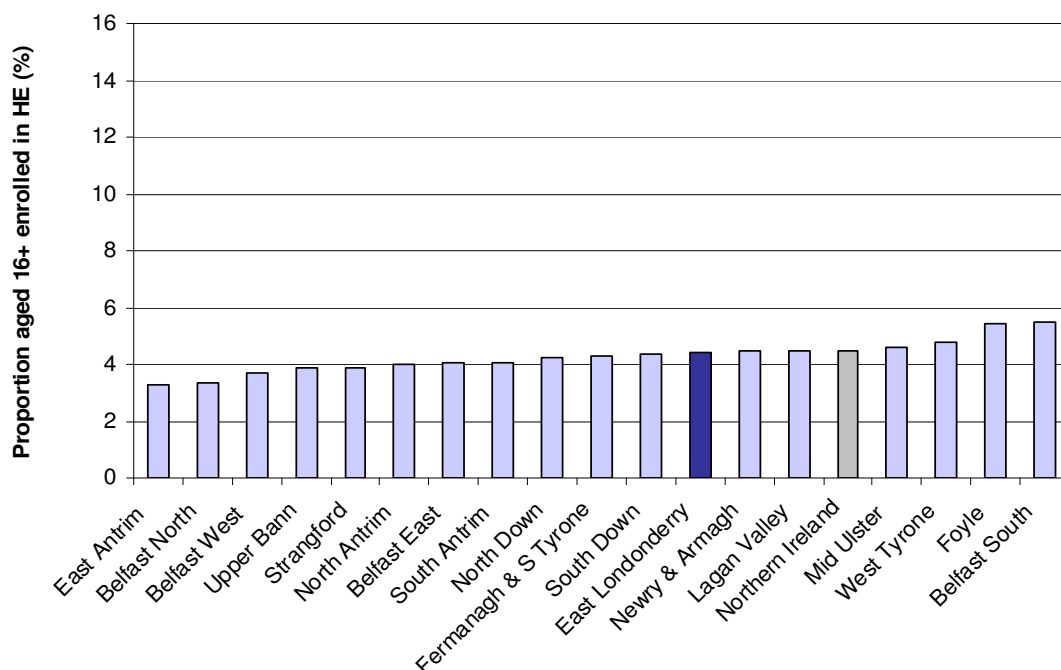
In 2007/08, there were 3,175 students from East Londonderry enrolled in Higher Education.²⁰ This equates to 4.4% of all constituents aged 16 and over being enrolled in higher education.

There was little difference in the proportion of East Londonderry people aged 16 and over who are enrolled in higher education and the Northern Ireland figure of 4.5%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 7th highest proportion of people aged 16 and over enrolled in higher education.

Higher education participation rates were lowest in the wards of Greystone (1.4%), Ballysally (1.7%) and Cross Glebe (2.0%) and highest in the wards of Strand (Coleraine, 5.5%), Waterside (5.2%) and Rathbrady (5.2%).

Chart 18: Proportion of those aged 16+ enrolled in HE by Constituency, 2007/08



Source: NISRA, NINIS (HE Enrolment data, DEL)

Of all East Londonderry students enrolled, 77.2% were full time and 22.8% were part time students, while 58.0% were female and 42.0% were male. In total, 25.7% of those enrolled in higher education were aged 25 and over.

²⁰ Higher Education can be defined as education at a higher level than secondary school, usually provided in universities.

4. THE ECONOMY

This section presents information on financial assistance provided by Invest NI as well as information on those completing and subsequently being offered financial assistance through its Start a Business Programme.

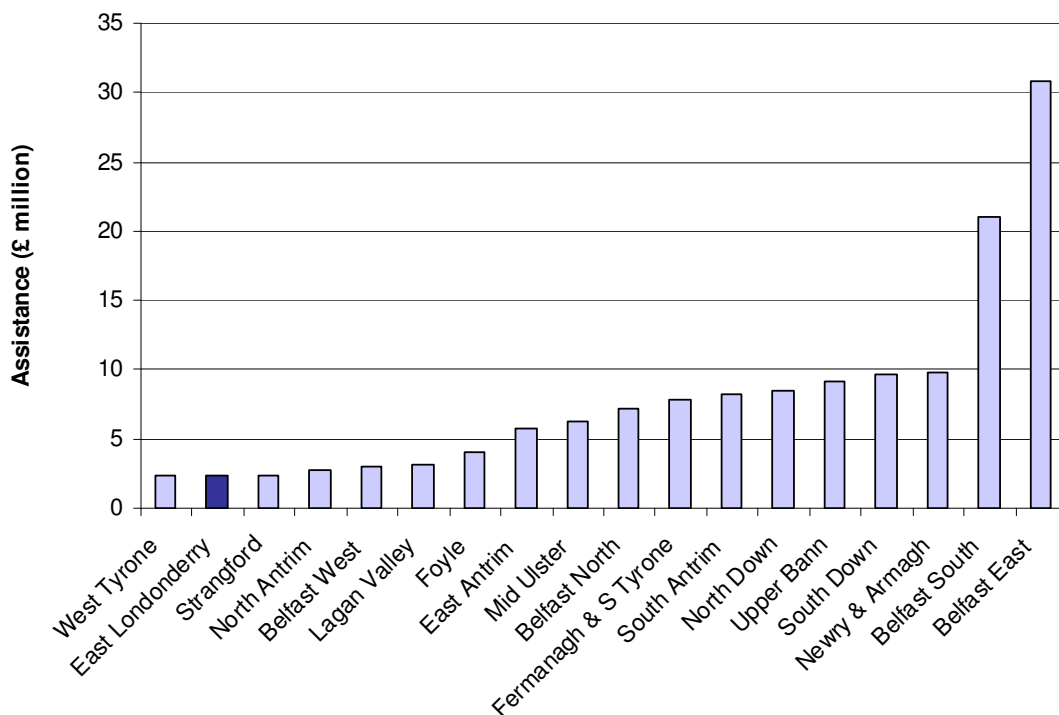
Invest NI Assistance

In 2008/09, Invest NI provided £2.3 million in financial assistance to companies in East Londonderry, accounting for 1.6% of all assistance provided in Northern Ireland during that period.

East Londonderry companies received 2nd lowest amount of financial assistance in 2008/09.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 19: Invest NI assistance provided in 2008/09 in £m by Constituency, 2008/09



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Invest NI)

Start a Business Programme

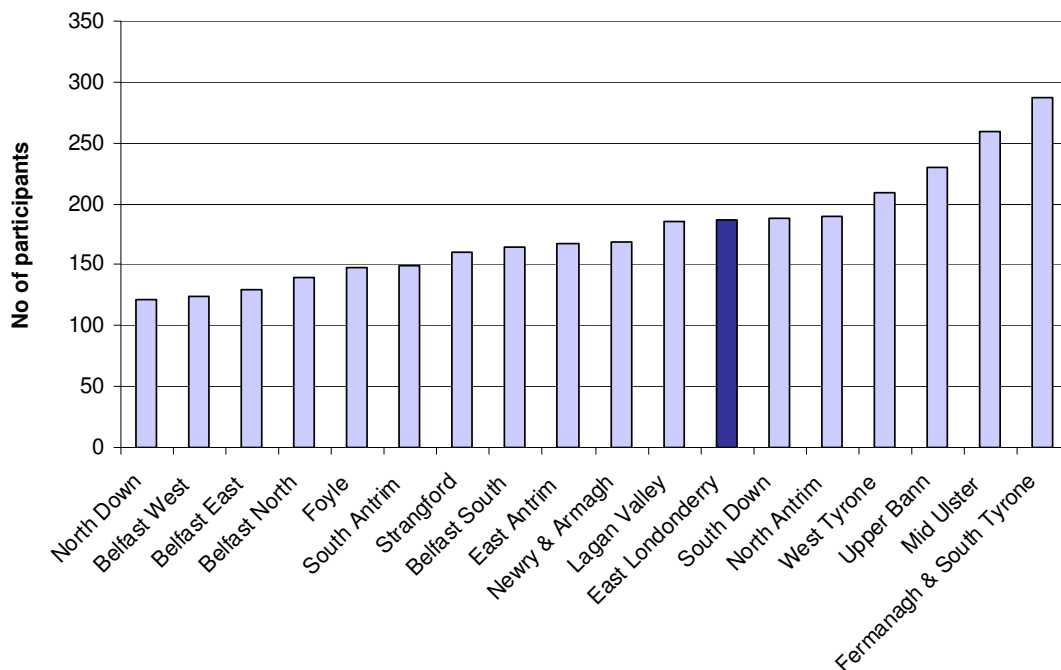
Participation in the Start a Business Programme

In 2008/09, 187 people from East Londonderry completed the Invest NI Start a Business Programme.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 7th highest number of people completing this programme.

The lowest numbers of participants who completed the training were from the wards of Cross Glebe (2), Dundooan (2), Feeny (2), Greystone (2) and Roeside (2). The highest numbers were from Aghanloo (15), Hopefield (12), Portstewart (10) and The Cuts (10).

Chart 20: Number of Invest NI Start a Business Programme participants by Constituency, 2008/09



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Invest NI)

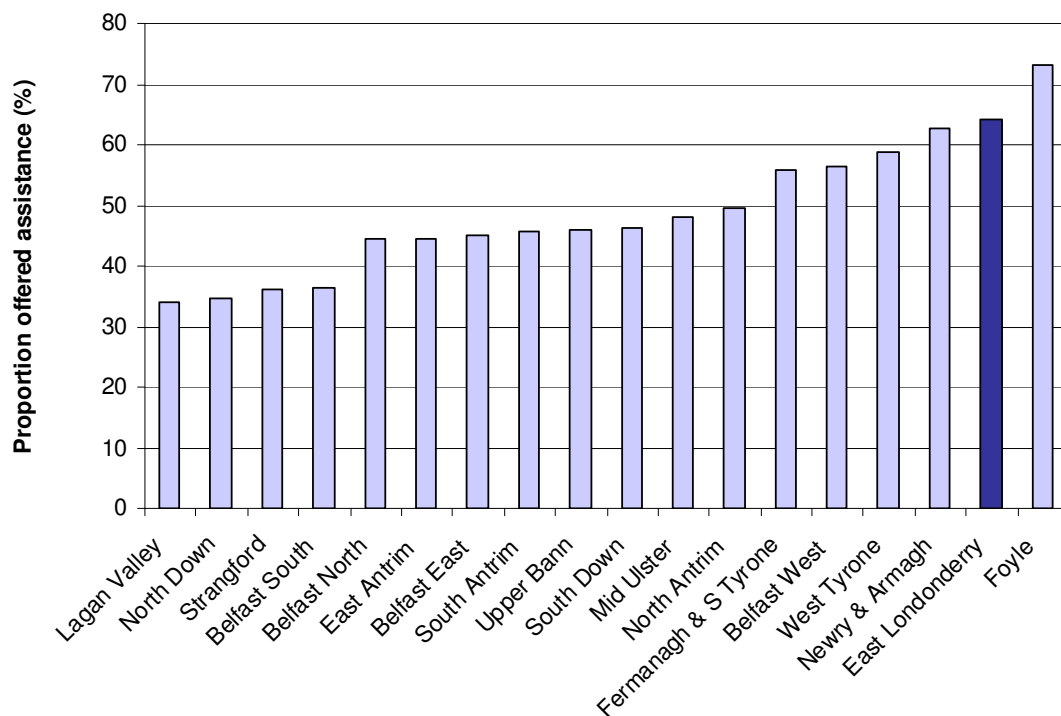
Financial Assistance offered to those who completed the Start a Business programme

Of those who did complete the training, 120 people (64.2% of participants) from East Londonderry were subsequently offered financial assistance.

A higher proportion of East Londonderry participants were subsequently offered financial assistance compared to the Northern Ireland figure of 49.3%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 2nd highest proportion of participants who were offered financial assistance.

Chart 21: Proportion of Invest NI Start a Business Programme participants who were offered financial assistance by Constituency, 2008/09



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Invest NI)

5. EMPLOYMENT

This section presents information on the number of employee jobs and employee jobs by sector; the number of redundancies in East Londonderry and the unemployment claimant count.

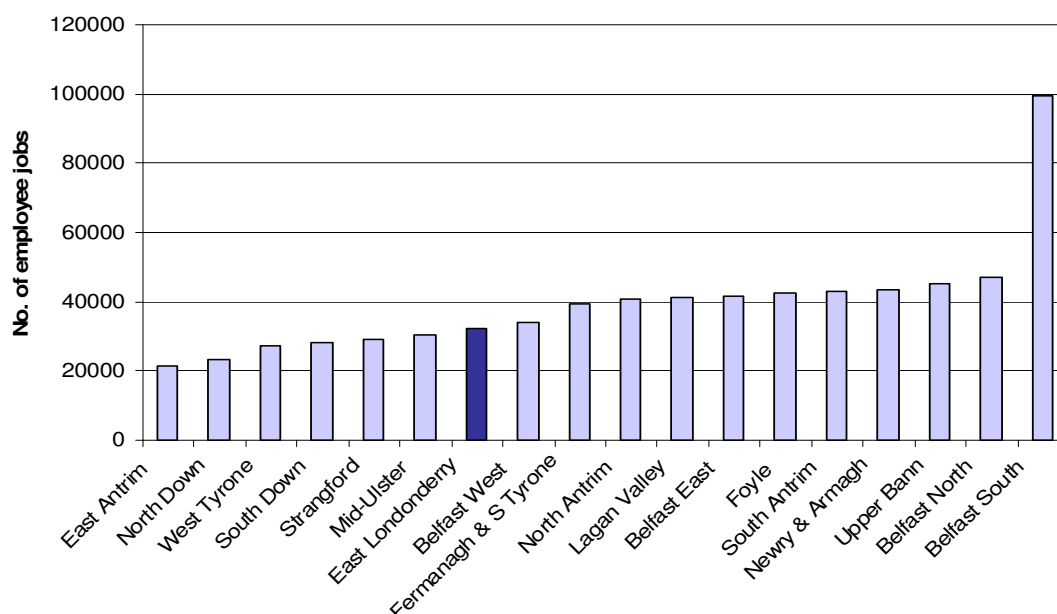
Employee jobs

As at 3 September 2007, there were 32,419 employee jobs²¹ located in East Londonderry, representing 4.6% of all employee jobs in Northern Ireland.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 7th lowest number of employee jobs located in the Constituency.

The lowest concentrations of employee jobs were in the wards of Churchland (97), Greystone (109) and Strand (Coleraine, 114) and the highest concentrations were in the wards of Central Coleraine (4,894), University (2,418) and Mount Sandel (2,395) although it is worth noting that these figures are based on job location not home address and so variations between wards will depend on the nature of the ward - rural, residential, or industrial.

Chart 22: No. of employee jobs by Constituency, September 2007



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Census of Employment, Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment (DETI))

²¹ The Census of Employment is conducted every two years by means of a postal enquiry of all NI employers and a full response is sought in order to obtain an accurate count of the number of employee jobs at the Census date. It collects information on employees only (the self-employed are excluded) and counts the number of jobs rather than the number of people in these jobs.

Employee jobs by Sector

In 2007, four out of five employee jobs in East Londonderry (78.8%) were in the services sector, 12.7% were in manufacturing and 7.7% were in construction.

A similar proportion of employee jobs in East Londonderry were in services compared to the proportion of all Northern Ireland jobs of 80.6%.

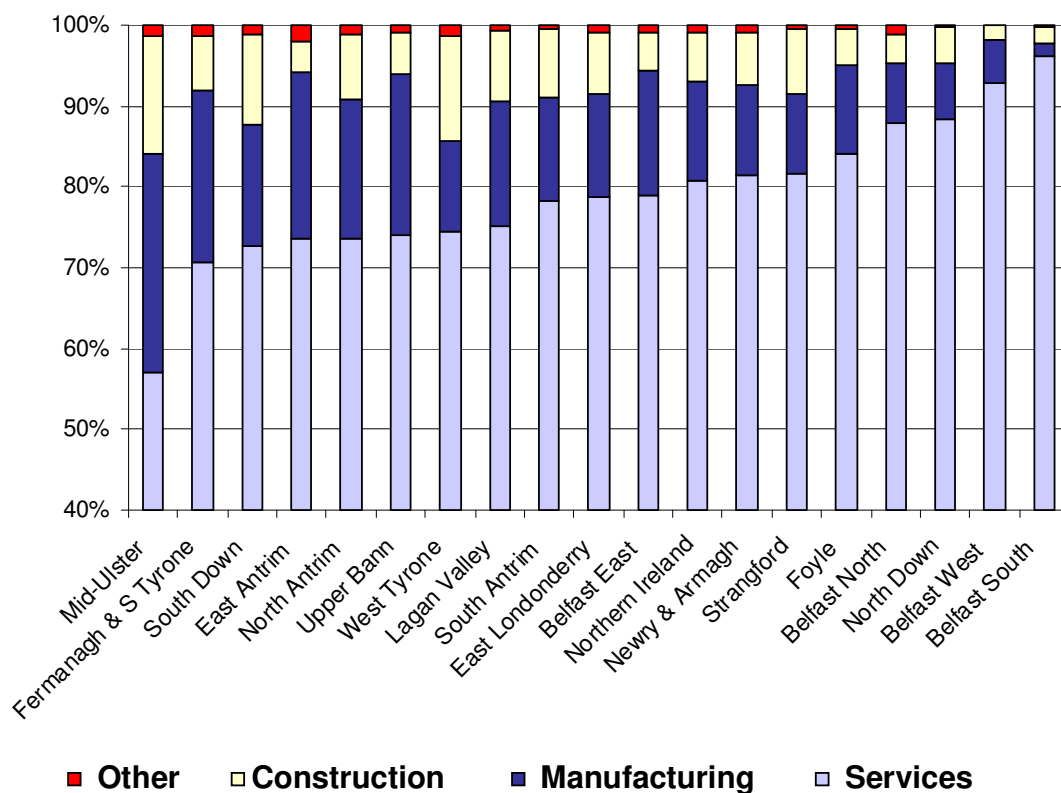
A similar proportion of employee jobs in East Londonderry were in manufacturing compared to the proportion of all Northern Ireland jobs of 12.3%.

A similar proportion of employee jobs in East Londonderry were in construction compared to the proportion of all Northern Ireland jobs of 6.2%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 9th highest proportion of services jobs, the 9th lowest proportion of manufacturing jobs and the 8th highest proportion of construction jobs.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 23: Employee jobs by sector and Constituency, 2007



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Census of Employment, DETI)

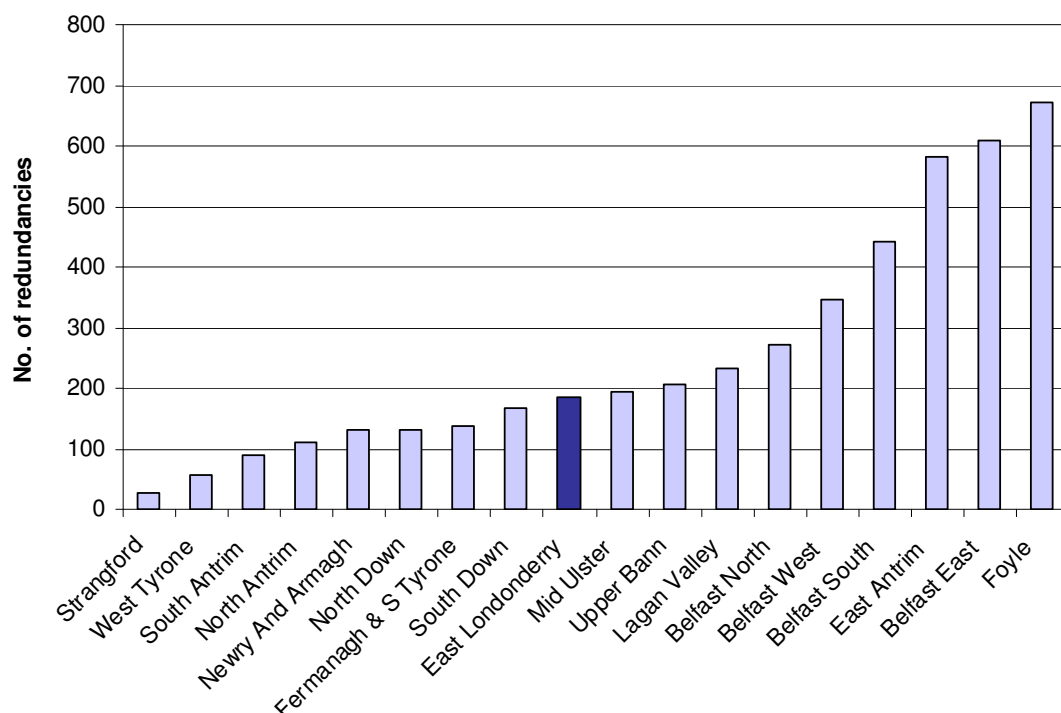
Redundancies

In 2009, there were 185 redundancies²² in East Londonderry, representing 4.0% of all redundancies made in Northern Ireland (please note that this refers to location of business rather than employee home).

The Constituency of East Londonderry had the 9th lowest number of redundancies in 2009.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 24: No. of redundancies by Constituency, 2009



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Claimant Count Section, DETI)

²² While the figures provided are likely to be an underestimate of total job losses, it is not possible to quantify the extent of the shortfall. Subject to the criteria mentioned above, employers must notify the Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment of (a) redundancies proposed and (b) redundancies confirmed. Since all proposed redundancies do not actually take place, the confirmed total provides a better indication of real job losses. Proposed redundancies are notified to the Department using the Advance Notification - HR1 Form. Redundancies do not necessarily equate to job losses, for example, employees who do not qualify for a redundancy package, those on temporary contracts, will not be incorporated into the redundancy figures.

Unemployment Claimant Count

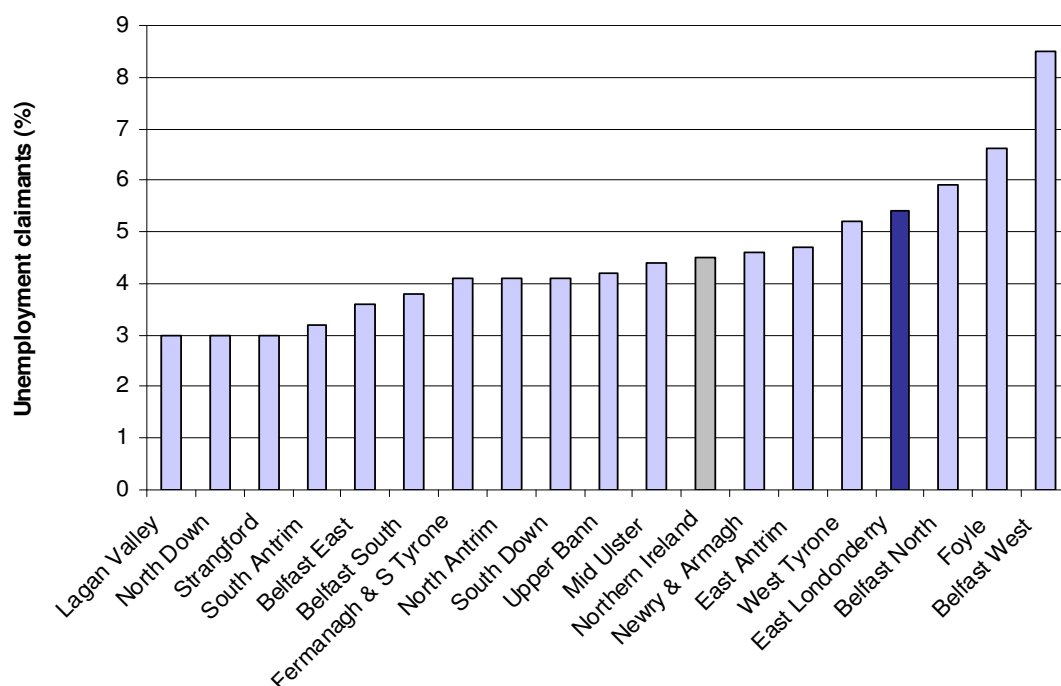
During the period January – December 2009, there were 2,995 people claiming unemployment-related benefits²³ in East Londonderry. This equates to 5.4% of all working age constituents claiming this benefit.

There was little difference in the proportion of working age people claiming unemployment-related benefits in East Londonderry and the Northern Ireland figure of 4.5%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 4th highest proportion of benefit claimants.

The claimant count was lowest in the wards of Strand Coleraine (2.0%), Dunluce (2.9%), Ringsend (3.2%) and Waterside (3.2%) and highest in the wards of Greystone (10.8%), Coolessan (9.4%) and Dungiven (9.2%).

Chart 25: Proportion of working age people claiming unemployment- related benefits by Constituency, 2009



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Claimant Count Section, DETI)

²³ The Claimant Count records the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits. 'Claimants' include the severely disabled claimants, but exclude students seeking vacation work and the temporarily stopped. The claimant count consists of all people claiming JSA at Jobcentre Plus local offices. They must declare that they are out of work, capable of, available for and actively seeking work during the week in which their claim is made.

6. HOUSING

This section presents information on housing type within East Londonderry as well as information on planning applications and decisions in the area.

Housing type

In 2008, there were 39,434 properties in East Londonderry, representing 5.5% of all properties in Northern Ireland.

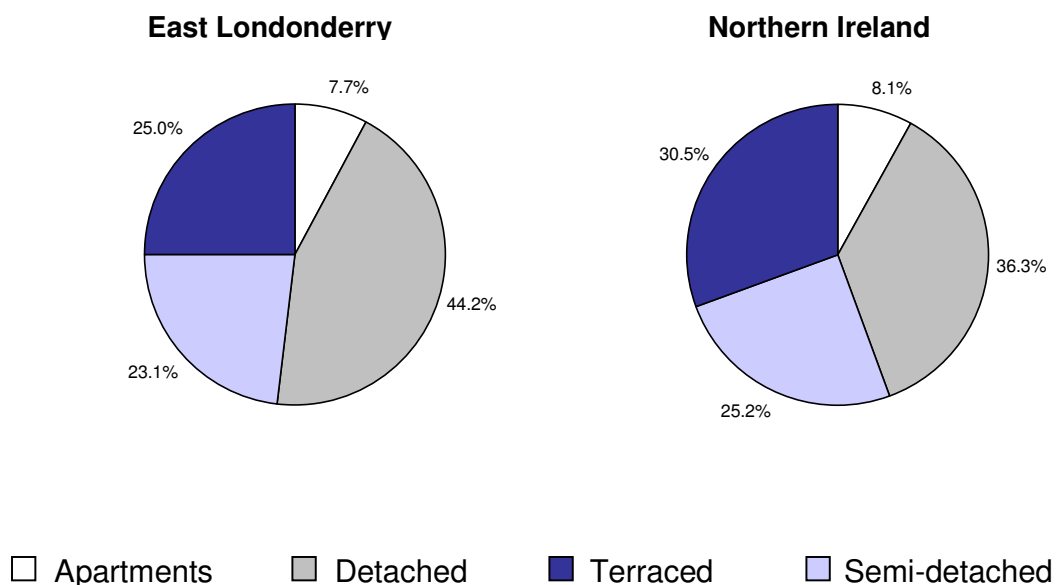
A higher proportion of properties in East Londonderry were detached compared to the Northern Ireland figure (44.2% vs. 36.3%).

A lower proportion of properties in East Londonderry were terraced compared to the Northern Ireland figure (25.0% vs. 30.5%).

A slightly lower proportion of properties in East Londonderry were semi-detached (23.1% vs. 25.2%) compared to Northern Ireland as a whole.

A similar proportion of properties in East Londonderry were apartments (7.7% vs. 8.1%) compared to Northern Ireland as a whole.

Charts 26 and 27: Housing type, 2008



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Valuation List, Land and Property Services)

Planning applications and decisions

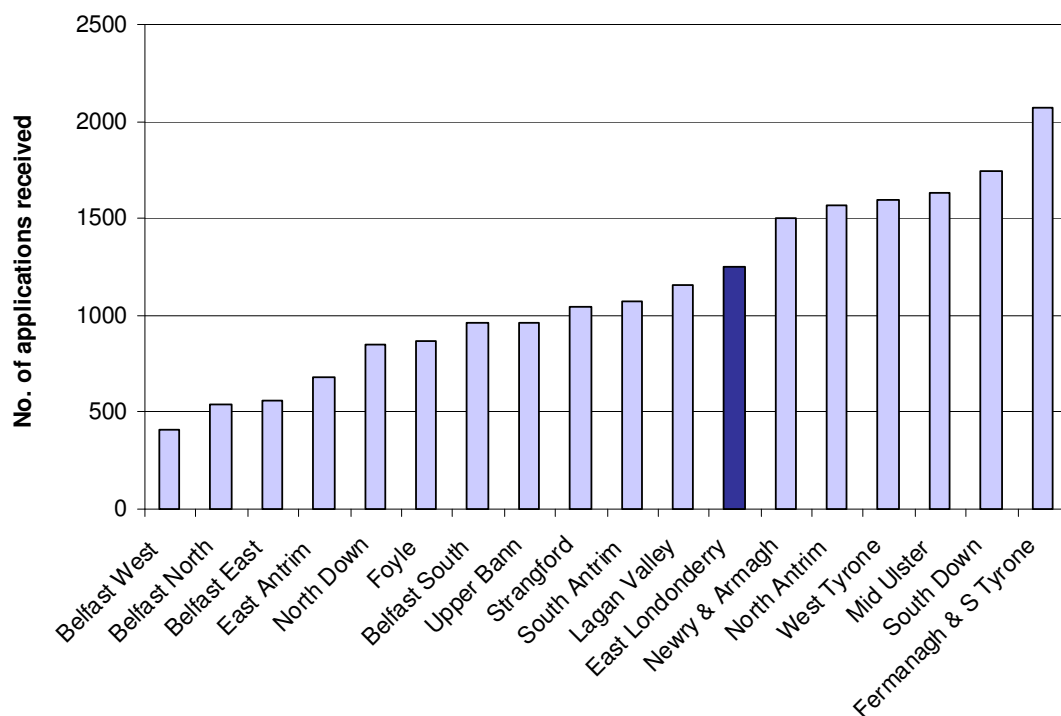
Planning applications

In 2008/09, there were 1,248 new planning applications received for the East Londonderry area, representing 6.1% of all Northern Ireland applications received.²⁴

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 7th highest number of planning applications in 2008/09.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 28: Number of planning applications by Constituency, 2008/09



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Planning Service, Department of Environment (DoE))

²⁴ Applications received also include withdrawn applications.

Planning Decisions

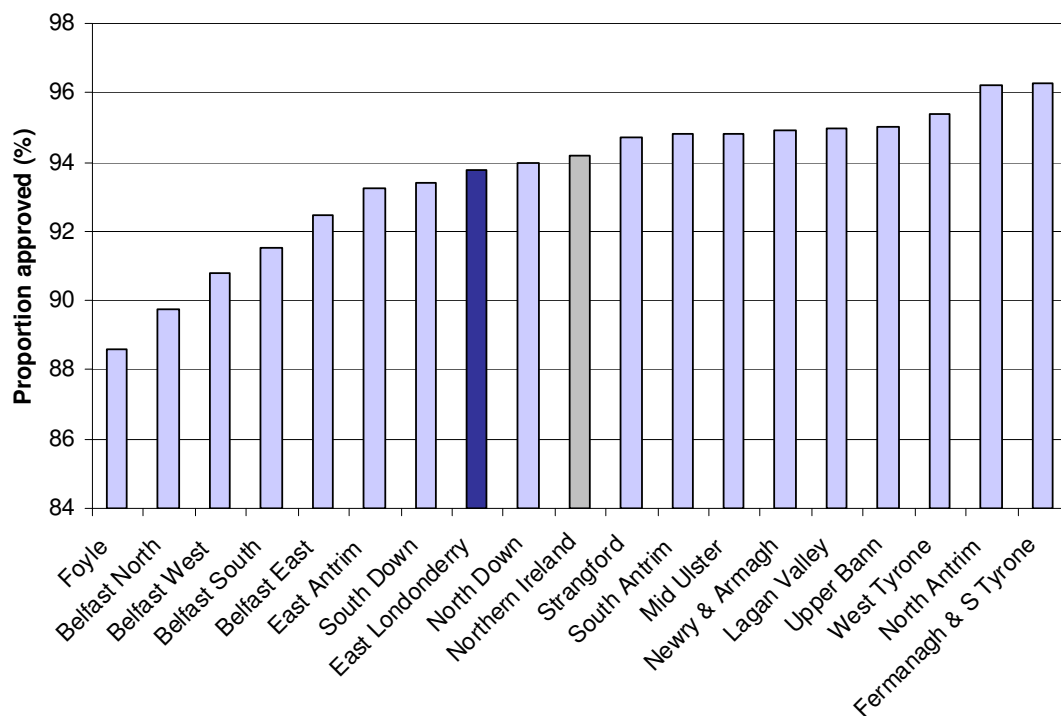
Decisions were made on a total of 1,599²⁵ planning applications for the East Londonderry area during 2008/09, 93.7% of which were approved.²⁶

There was little difference in the proportion of applications were approved in East Londonderry and the Northern Ireland average of 94.2%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 8th lowest proportion of approvals in 2008/09.

This information is not available at ward level.

Chart 29: Proportion of planning applications approved by Constituency, 2008/09



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Planning Service, DoE)

²⁵ Note that the number of decisions is higher than the number of planning applications received as this includes applications from previous years.

²⁶ Excludes withdrawn applications. The number and per cent of applications approved is based on the number of decisions issued in the same year.

7. CRIME

This section presents information on the overall recorded crime rate in East Londonderry and breaks this down further into violent crime, burglary, theft and criminal damage. Information on anti-social behaviour rates is also presented in this section. These figures relate to where the offence occurred rather than where the offender was from.

Overall Crime rate

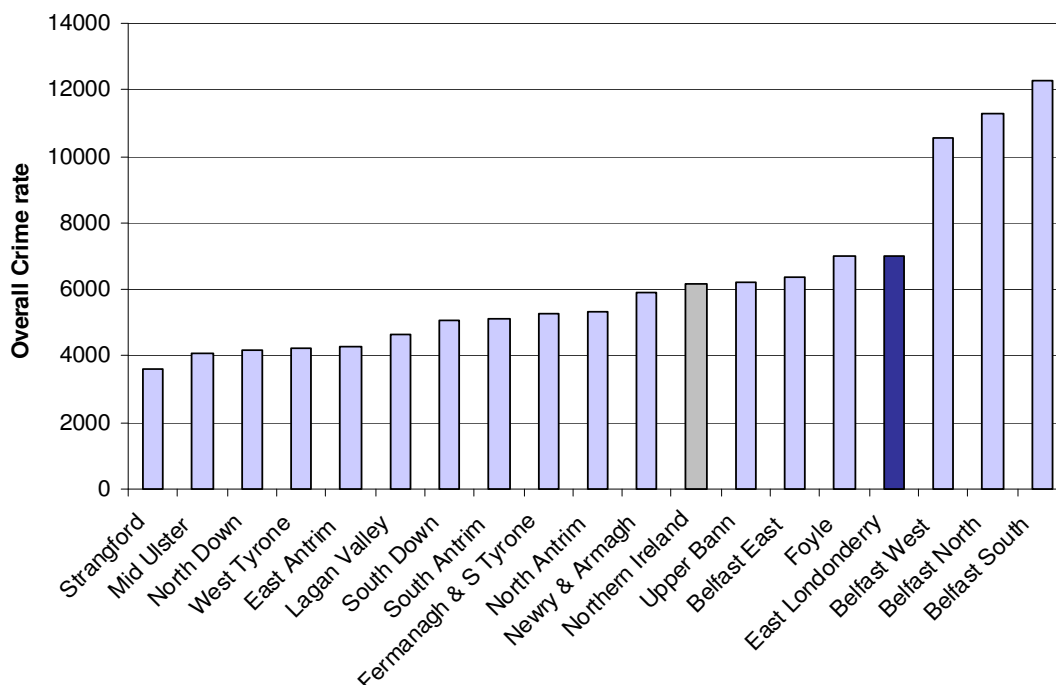
In 2009/10, a total of 6,398 offences were recorded in East Londonderry, representing 5.9% of all offences recorded in Northern Ireland. This equates to an overall crime rate of 7,021 per 100,000 persons.

The crime rate for East Londonderry was higher than the overall Northern Ireland rate of 6,149 per 100,000 persons.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 4th highest crime rate.

Overall crime rates were lowest in the wards of Glack (2,072), Forest (2,136), and The Highlands (2,251) and highest in the wards of Roeside (32,756), Central (28,841) and Royal Portrush (23,010).

Chart 30: Crime rate per 100,000 persons by Constituency, 2009/10



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Notifiable Offences Recorded, Police Service for Northern Ireland (PSNI))

Crime Rates by type - violent crime, burglary, theft and criminal damage

Rates of burglary and theft were lower in East Londonderry while violent crime and criminal damage rates were higher in East Londonderry than the Northern Ireland rates.

Table 2: Crime Rates by type of crime, 2009/10

	East Londonderry		Northern Ireland
	Rate	Rank*	Rate
Violent Crime	2,408	5	1,865
Burglary	702	6	709
Theft	1,370	9	1,499
Criminal Damage	1,781	5	1,490

*1=highest crime rate, 18=lowest crime rate

Source: NISRA, NINIS

Violent Crime

In 2009/10, the violent crime rate for East Londonderry was 2,408 per 100,000 persons and was higher than the Northern Ireland rate. Violent crime rates were lowest in the wards of The Highlands (338), Feeny (407) and Forest (554) and highest in the wards of Roeside (12,050), Central (11,022) and Royal Portrush (9,917).

Burglary

In 2009/10, the burglary rate for East Londonderry was 702 per 100,000 persons and was lower than the Northern Ireland rate. Burglary rates were lowest in the wards of Forest (158), Ballysally (221) and Kilrea (235) and highest in the wards of Strand (2,551), Roeside (1,939) and Atlantic (1,844).

Theft

In 2009/10, the theft rate for East Londonderry was 1,370 per 100,000 persons and was lower than the Northern Ireland rate. Theft rates were lowest in the wards of Knocklynn (252), Glack (282) and Ringsend (493) and highest in the wards of Central (8,053), Roeside (7,895) and Mount Sandel (6,696).

Criminal Damage

In 2009/10, the criminal damage rate for East Londonderry was 1,781 per 100,000 persons and was higher than the Northern Ireland rate. Criminal damage rates were lowest in the wards of Ringsend (269), Feeny (362) and Glack (471) and highest in the wards of Roeside (7,202), Central (5,540) and Royal Portrush (5,394).

Anti-social Behaviour

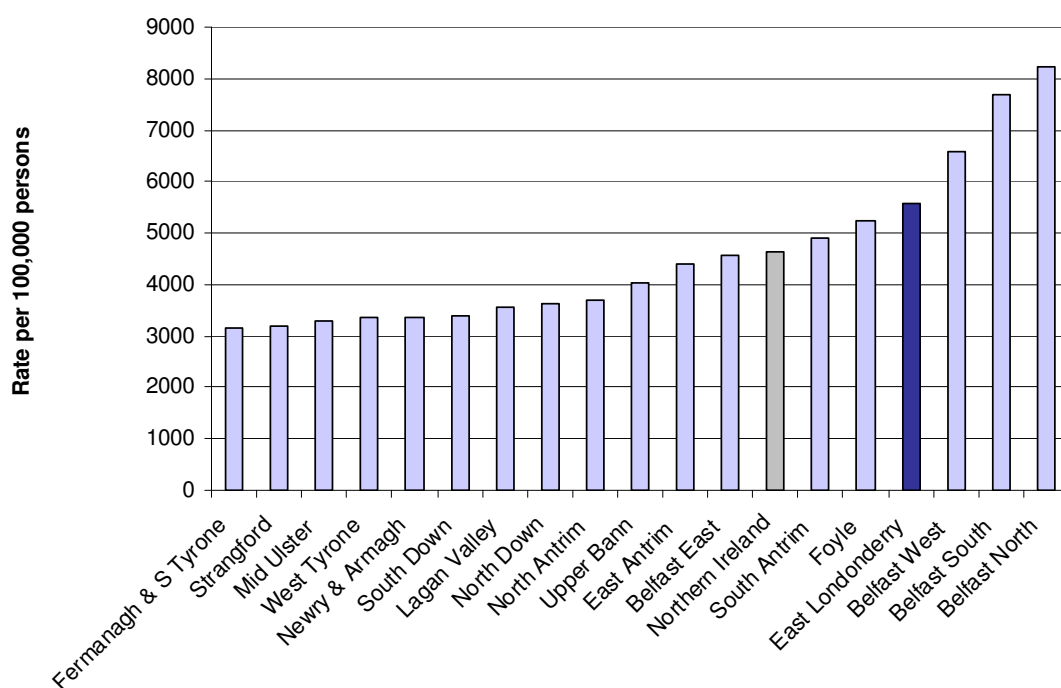
In 2009/10, there were 5,070 incidents of anti-social behaviour in East Londonderry. This equates to an anti-social behaviour incident rate of 5,564 per 100,000 persons.

The rate of anti-social behaviour incidents was higher in East Londonderry than the overall Northern Ireland rate of 4,625 per 100,000 persons.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 4th highest rate of anti-social behaviour incidents.

Anti-social behaviour incident rates per 100,000 persons were lowest in the wards of Ringsend (628), Glack (1,177) and Feeny (1,402) and highest in the wards of Central (21,645), Coolessan (18,676) and Roeside (17,659).

Chart 31: Rates of Anti-social Behaviour per 100,000 persons by Constituency, 2009/10



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Anti-social behaviour incidents, PSNI)

8. DEPRIVATION & POVERTY

This section presents information from the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure 2010 and on the number of people claiming benefits.

Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure

The Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure (NIMDM) 2010 identifies small concentrations of multiple deprivation across Northern Ireland. Summaries at Constituency level consisting of five measures are also produced. The following contains the summary information for East Londonderry.

Extent

East Londonderry has an Extent of 14%. This means that 14% of people living in East Londonderry live in the most²⁷ deprived Super Output Areas²⁸ in Northern Ireland. East Londonderry is the Constituency ranked 9 out of 18 in terms of Extent.

Income Deprivation Scale

The Income Deprivation Scale shows that there are 23,072 people in East Londonderry experiencing Income Deprivation (*defined as being in receipt of income-related benefits/tax credits*). East Londonderry is the Constituency ranked 10 out of 18 on this measure of deprivation.

Percentage of the total population Income Deprived

25% of those living in East Londonderry are income deprived. East Londonderry is ranked 7 out of 18 on this measure of deprivation.

Employment Deprivation Scale

The Employment Deprivation Scale shows that 7,132 people in East Londonderry are experiencing employment deprivation (*defined as being in receipt of employment-related benefits or on a government training programme*). East Londonderry is ranked 10 out of 18 on this measure of deprivation.

Percentage of working age population Employment Deprived

13% of working age people in East Londonderry are employment deprived. East Londonderry is ranked 7 out of 18 on this measure of deprivation.

²⁷ *Most deprived* is defined as within the first 30% most deprived areas, including all of the population in the 10% most deprived SOAs, and a proportion of the population from the next two deciles (i.e. the next 20%) on a sliding scale.

²⁸ A geography designed for the collection of small area statistics with similar population sizes.

Table 3: NIMDM 2010 for the Constituency of East Londonderry

Measure	Score	Rank*
Extent (%)	14	9
Income Deprived Scale	23,072	10
% of total population Income Deprived	25	7
Employment Deprived Scale	7,132	10
% of working age population Employment Deprived	13	7

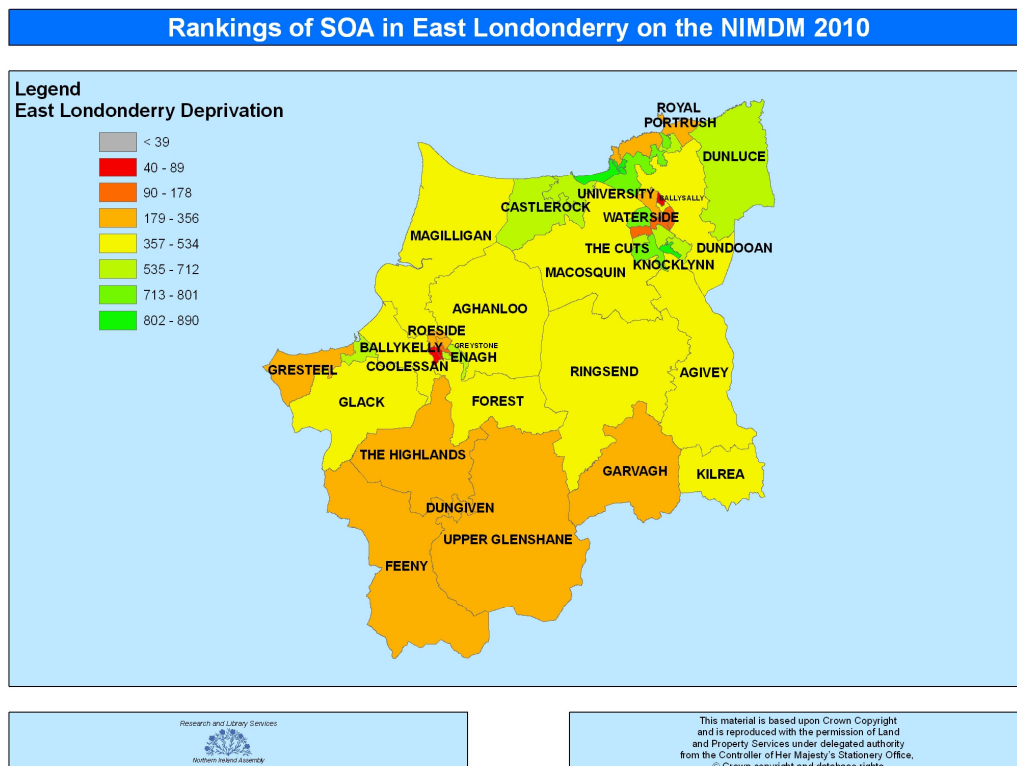
*1=most deprived, 18=least deprived

Source: NISRA, NINIS (NIMDM 2010)

Deprivation within East Londonderry

The most deprived areas in East Londonderry covered the wards of Coolessan and Greystone as well as parts of Ballysally which were ranked in the 10% most deprived areas in Northern Ireland.

The least deprived areas in East Londonderry was within the ward of Knocklynn which and ranked in the 10% least deprived areas in Northern Ireland.



Source: NISRA, NINIS (NIMDM 2010)

Benefit Claimants

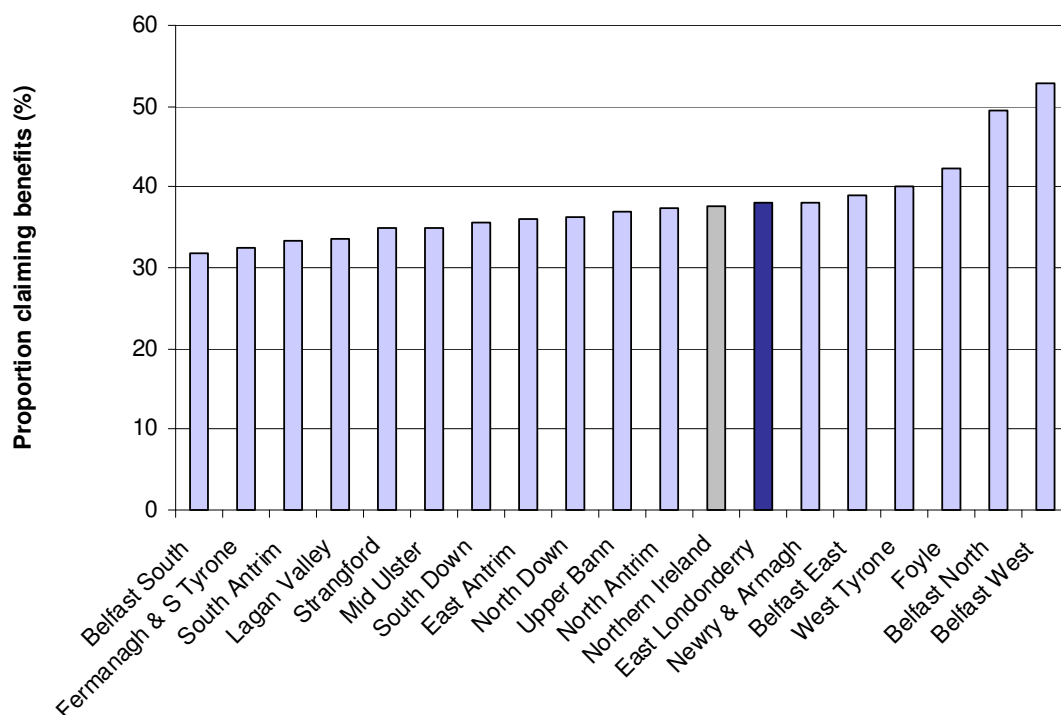
As at April 2010, there were 27,309 people in East Londonderry were claiming at least one benefit. This equates to 38.1% of constituents aged 16 and over claiming at least one benefit.

There was little difference in the proportion of people aged 16 and over living in East Londonderry claiming at least one benefit and the Northern Ireland figure of 37.6%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 7th highest proportion of people aged 16 and over claiming at least one benefit.

Proportions of people claiming at least one benefit were lowest in the wards of Knocklynn (20.9%), Greysteel (21.5%) and Aghanloo (22.1%) and highest in the wards of Central (48.5%), Roeside (48.1%) and Greystone (44.2%).²⁹

Chart 32: Proportion of people aged 16 and over claiming at least one benefit by Constituency, April 2010



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Social Security Benefits data, DSD)

²⁹ Ward figures calculated as a proportion of total population using 2008 mid-year estimates.

Income Support

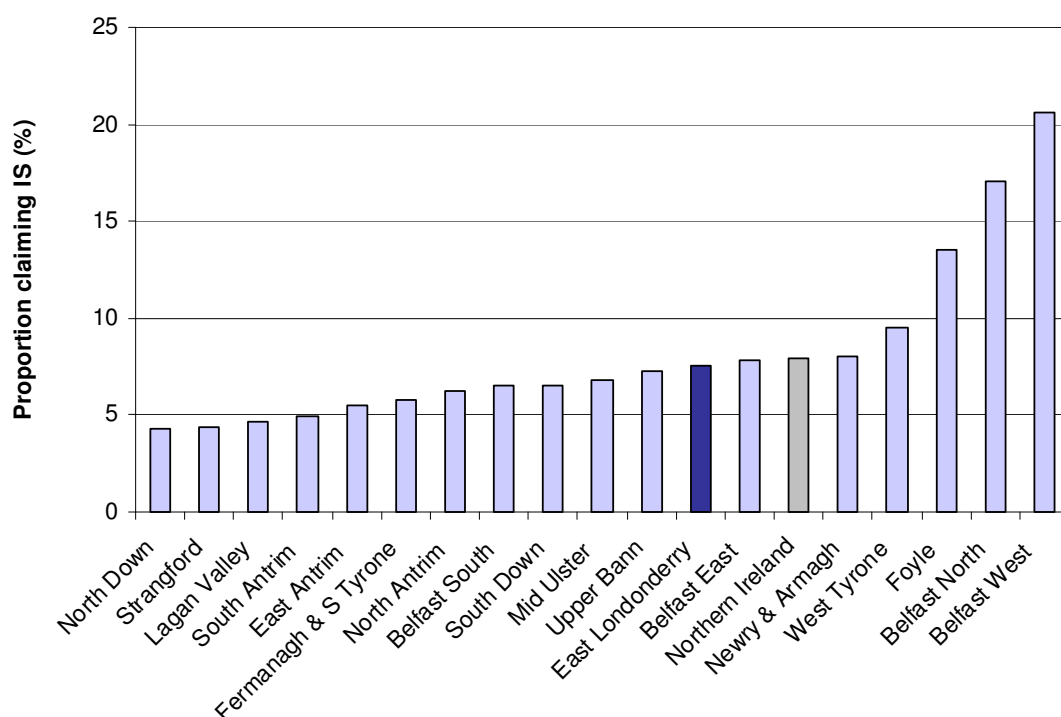
As at February 2010, there were 4,201 people claiming Income Support in East Londonderry. This equates to 7.5% of working age constituents claiming this benefit.

There was little difference in the proportion of working age people living in East Londonderry claiming Income Support and Northern Ireland figure of 8.0%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency with the 8th highest proportion of Income Support claimants.

The lowest proportions of Income Support claimants were concentrated in the wards of Strand (1.2%), Dunluce (1.5%) and Agivey (1.6%) and the highest proportions were concentrated in the wards of Coolestown (13.2%), Greystone (12.1%) and Ballysally (9.8%).³⁰

Chart 33: Proportion of working age population claiming Income Support, February 2010



Source: NISRA, NINIS (Social Security Benefits data, DSD)

³⁰ Ward figures calculated as a proportion of total population using 2008 mid-year estimates.

Housing Benefit

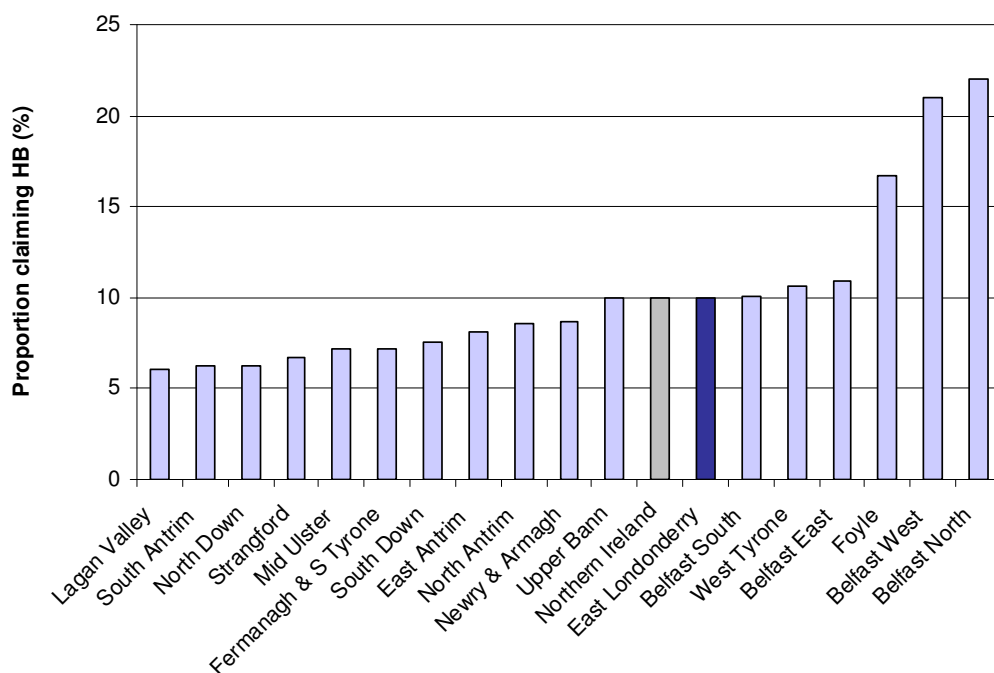
As at May 2009, there were 7,161 people claiming Housing Benefit. This equates to 10.0% of constituents aged 16 and over claiming this benefit.

There was no difference in the proportion of people aged 16 and over living in East Londonderry claiming Housing Benefit and the Northern Ireland figure, also 10.0%.

East Londonderry was the Constituency ranked joint 7th highest in terms of the proportion of people aged 16 and over claiming Housing Benefit along with Upper Bann.

The lowest proportions of Housing Benefit claimants were concentrated in the wards of Ringsend (2.8%), Agivey (2.8%) and Dunluce (3.0%) and the highest proportions were concentrated in the wards of Central (20.8%), Greystone (19.1%) and Coolessan (18.3%).³¹

Chart 34: Proportion of those aged 16+ claiming Housing Benefit by Constituency, May 2009



Sour

ce: NISRA, NINIS (Housing Benefit data, Northern Ireland Housing Executive, aggregated by DSD)

³¹ Ward figures calculated as a proportion of total population using 2008 mid-year estimates.

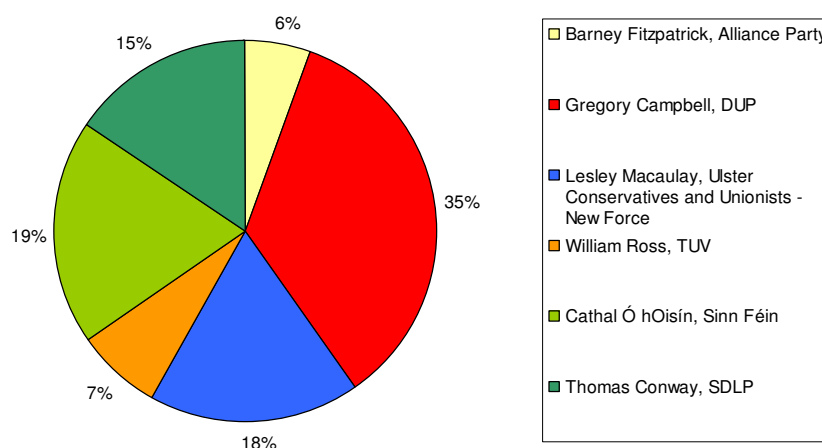
9. ELECTION RESULTS

This section presents information on the 2010 Westminster Election Results and the 2007 Assembly Election Results.

2010 Westminster Election Results

In East Londonderry, 63,220 people were eligible to vote in the 2010 Westminster Elections. 34,950 valid votes were cast, a turnout of 55.3%.³² There was little difference in the turnout for East Londonderry and the Northern Ireland turnout of 56.7%. The Democratic Unionist Party received the majority of votes in the Constituency with 12,097 votes. As a result Gregory Campbell was elected to represent East Londonderry.

Chart 35: 2010 Westminster Election Results



Candidate (*elected)	Votes	Party
Gregory Campbell*	12,097	Democratic Unionist Party
Cathal Ó hOisín	6,742	Sinn Féin
Lesley Macaulay	6,218	Ulster Conservatives and Unionists – New Force
Thomas Conway	5,399	Social Democratic and Labour Party
William Ross	2,572	Traditional Unionist Voice
Barney Fitzpatrick	1,922	Alliance

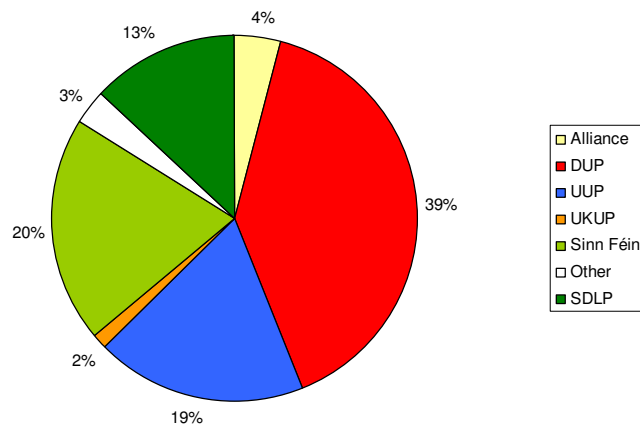
Source: The Electoral Office for Northern Ireland

³² Excludes invalid votes, 136 = 0.4%

2007 Assembly Election Results

In East Londonderry, 56,104 people were eligible to vote in the 2007 Assembly Elections. 33,922 valid votes were cast, a turnout of 60.5%.³³ Turnout for East Londonderry was slightly lower than the Northern Ireland turnout of 62.3%. The Democratic Unionist Party won 3 seats while Sinn Féin, the Ulster Unionist Party and the Social Democratic and Labour Party won 1 seat each.

Chart 36: 2007 Assembly Election Results



Candidate (*elected)	1 st pref Votes	Party
Gregory Campbell*	6,845	Democratic Unionist Party (DUP)
Francie Brolly*	4,476	Sinn Féin
George Robinson*	3,991	DUP
David McClarty*	2,875	Ulster Unionist Party (UUP)
Adrian McQuillan*	2,650	DUP
John Dallat*	2,638	Social Democratic and Labour Party (SDLP)
Billy Leonard	2,321	Sinn Féin
Norman Hillis	2,054	UUP
Orla Beattie	1,797	SDLP
Barney Fitzpatrick	1,401	Alliance
Edwin Stevenson	1,338	UUP
Joseph Cubitt	549	UK Unionist Party
Philippe Moison	521	Green
Michael McGonigle	393	Republican Sinn Féin
Victor Christie	73	Independent

Source: *The Electoral Office for Northern Ireland*

³³ Excludes invalid votes, n = 258



**Northern Ireland
Assembly**

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